School of Health Sciences & Rural Development Centre for Extension Ph.D. Coursework

Core Courses

Semester	Paper Code	Course Title	Credits	Total
	17SRDR0101	Dimensions of Rural Development	4	
Ι	17SRDR0102	Planning and Management of Rural Development	4	
	17SRDR0103	Adult, Continuing Education and Extension	4	
	17APRR0101	Research Methodology	4	24
	17APRR0202	Quantitative methods	4	
II	17SRDR02SX	Specific course to be prescribed by the Doctoral Committee	4	
Seminar (3)				
	Term paper / Topical Research			
III			4	
Semester	finalization of objectives and methodology			
onwards	b) Field / Lab Studies, Data collection, compilation of		32	
	results, statistical analysis, results and final conclusion.			
End of Program	Synopsis and Thesis submission, final viva		6	

List of courses that are candidate centric (17SRDR02SX)

17SRDR02S1	Corporate Social Responsibility for Rural Development
17SRDR02S2	Social Audit
17SRDR02S3	Project Monitoring and Evaluation

DIMENSIONS OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

Learning Objective :

• To expose the scholars to the various facets of Rural Development

Learning Outcome:

- The Scholars enabled to learn about the Rural Society and its Economy
- Diagnose the strategies of Rural Development followed in India and Asian countries
- Learn about the methodologies in the transfer of technologies through Extension services
- Gain knowledge about significance of local governance and local Institutions in Rural Development

17SRDR0101	COURSE : 1	Credit 4	
1/5KDK0101	DIMENSIONS OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT	Creuit 4	
Rural Society and Economy: Demography - Social &		c structure –	
	Poverty – social differentiation and stratification- leadership patter	rn –family as	
Unit - I	a unit of production, consumption and exchange-disintegration of	f joint family	
	system-techniques of production in the villages-functional specialization and		
	interdependence- need for Inclusive and Sustainable Development.		
	Rural Development: Concept, Structure, Experiments, Strategies a	nd Models &	
	Best practices; Rural Development in India - Historical perspecti	ves –Pre and	
Unit - II	Post independent experiments- Nationalist Movements- Rural Development		
	during the Five Year Plan periods -PURA and Rurban Mission; I	Emergence of	
	rural development in international settings-Rural Develop	ment: Asian	
	Perspective.		
	Rural Development – Agrarian Issues – Peasant Movements durin	01	
	Colonial and post-colonial era -Agrarian struggles under Kisan Sabhas-		
Unit - III	Modern Indian agrarian classes- Bhoodan and Gramdan movements Land		
	Reforms- Green Revolution - Agricultural Extension Systems in India- Transfer		
	of Technology Models (ToT)- Para Extension Services.		
	Management of Rural Development - New public mana	0	
	decentralization reforms in India-Public Policy framewor		
Unit - IV	development Administrative Structure - Indian Model of		
	Governance-New Panchayati Raj – Idea of local governance	•	
	Decentralization Theorem- Decentralized Planning. Cooperati	ves – Civil	
	society organizations - Rural Credit and Financial institutions		
	Basic Services and Infrastructure for rural development: Access a		
	of basic services (Education, Health, Drinking Water, Sanitation,	-	
Unit - V	Communication, Energy and Housing) . Transparency and Acco	•	
	public service delivery system. Public Private Partnerships (PPP		
	Partnership and Public Grievance Redressal system- stakeholders	participation.	

	Citizen's Charter, Performance Reports and Role clarity.
Refere	ences:
1.	Katar Singh and Anil Shishodia (2016), Rural Development – Principles, Policies and
	Management, Sage Texts, New Delhi,.
2.	Reji D.Nair (2016), Natural resources Management and Agrarian Development, Concept Publishing House, New Delhi.
3.	Chambers, Robert (1998): Poverty in India: Concepts Research and Reality, Discussion Paper 241. Brighton: IDS.
4.	Lalitha N (2004), Rural Development Volume I and II Trends and Issues, Dominant Publishers, New Delhi.
5.	Venkatta Reddy.K (2000) Rural Development in India, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.
6.	M.P.Boraian (Ed.) (2016), Best Practices in Rural Development, Shanlax, Madurai.
	Suman Chandra K, Suresh Babu, V & Nath P.K : (2013), Agrarian Crisis in India - The Way Out, NIRD, Hyderabad.
8.	India Rural Development Report (2005), NIRD, Hyderabad
	Rural Infrastructure and Welfare of the Poor (2001)
	Infrastructure for Rural Poor (2003)
	Gramsat: Utility and Effectiveness (2007)
	Sri Sathya Sai Safe Drinking Water Project, Anantapur – A Case Study (2000)
	Management of Rural Sanitation Programme: Successful Case Studies (2000)
	M.P.Boraian (Ed.) (2016), Best Practices in Rural Development, Shanlax, Madurai.

PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

Learning Objective :

This paper will expose the scholars to the Concepts, methods and practices of planning and Management of Rural Development

Learning Outcome:

The scholars will gain the following:

- Learn about the multi level planning and mapping of community resources
- Understand the dimensions of rural projects and project formulation
- Develop skills in project designing, monitoring and evaluation
- Acquire basic knowledge about voluntary Action and organization
- Gain basic knowledge about the significance of social audit

	COURSE : 2		
17SRDR0102	PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT OF RURAL	Credit 4	
	DEVELOPMENT		
	Rural Development: Planning – Process – stages – (Multi-level		
Unit - I	State - National) - Grassroots Level Planning- Bottom up Approac		
	management- Local participation-Rural Research and Development-Mapping of Community Resources.		
Unit - II	 Rural Development Projects: Dimensions - – Project Types: Grant Based, Business Based & Opportunity / Issue Targeted. Concept of Project Planning, Macro & Micro Planning. Project Formulation - Appraisal (Technical, Economic, Financial and Environmental feasibilities. Concept of LFA, Stakeholder Analysis, Problem Tree and Objectives Tree analysis, Analysis of strategies, Fixing project output and activity, Assumptions and Risks - Project Implementation. 		
Unit - III	Planning & Designing a Monitoring plan, Key National & International Monitoring Systems. Evaluation Framework and different models, Steps of Evaluating a Project, Types of Evaluation, Impact Assessment - Concurrent, Formative & Summative- Monitoring and Evaluation indicators. Participatory Community monitoring and evaluation- Participatory Techniques- PRA.		
Unit - IV	Voluntary Action in India– voluntary action before and after independence- role of Christian Missionaries. GO-Government Relations- Constraints in voluntarism, resource mobilization and funding -People's participation – Community based committees - Administration – Monitoring.		
Unit - V	Social Audit – Basis, Objectives and Advantages of social audit. Appropriate institutional level for social audit-Social Audit Committees-Steps in social		

Γ	au	udit- key factors for successful social audit- Social Audit Cycle- methodology
	- 1	relevance - strategies - impact. Hindrances in social audit-social accounting
	an	nd audit.

References:

- 1. Katar Singh and Anil Shishodia (2016), Rural Development Principles, Policies and Management, Sage Texts, New Delhi,
- 2. Austin, Vincent : Rural Project Management: A Handbook for Students and Practitioners, Batsford Ltd, London, 1984.
- 3. Rural Development Planning and Management (IGNOU Help book),Gullybaba Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.
- 4. <u>Pandey, Devendra Prasad</u>, Management of Rural Development Projects , New Age International, New Delhi, 2017.
- 5. Roberto Mosse & Leigh Ellen Sontheimer : Performance Monitoring Indicators Handbook (World Bank Technical Paper No. 334), World Bank, Washington, D. C., 1996.
- 6. Yamini Aiyar,Soumya Kapoor Mehta & Salimah Samji: A Guide to Conducting Social Audits: Learning from the Experience of Andhra Pradesh, Accountability Initiative Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi.

ADULT, CONTINUING EDUCATION AND EXTENSION

Learning Objectives :

- To make the students to understand the concept, need and importance of Adult Education and Continuing Education.
- To help the students to become aware of the national policies and programmes of Adult Education in India and abroad.

Learning Outcome :

- To help the students to become aware of the national policies and programmes of Adult Education in India and abroad.
- To make the students understand the concept, phases, need and importance of training Adult and Continuing Education.
- To impart knowledge on management and information system and evaluation methods.
- To appear and pass students in National Eligibility Test conducted by University Grants Commission.

17SRDR0103	ADULT, CONTINUING EDUCATION AND EXTENSION Credit 4
	Concepts and Terminologies: Andragogy and Pedagogy – Illiteracy and its
	types, Literacy and its types - traditional, functional, mass, rapid, legal,
Unit – I	technological - Adult Education Continuing Education, Lifelong Learning -
Ont – I	recurrent Education - Formal education, - Non - Formal education, informal
	education - Development and its indicators. Adult education and development -
	Social, economic and cultural – Extension Education
	History of Adult Education: Adult Education in pre – Independence India –
	Post – Independence India from 1947 upto the Twelth Five year plans – Farmers
	Functional literacy – Gram shikshan mohim, National Adult Education
Unit – II	programme - Mass programme for Functional literacy, centre model versus
	each-one teach - one model - Adult Education in China, Denmark, Vietnam,
	Tanzania – Role of NGOs with special reference to Bengal social service league,
	literacy house, seva mandir, Gandhigram Rural Institute, Sriniketan
	Curriculum methods, Techniques of material preparation for Adults:
	Psychology of Adults - Characteristics of Adult learners, Theories of Adult
	learning - motivational aspects of Adult learning - Developing curriculum,
Unit – III	types of curriculum - Different teaching methods, Teaching and learning
	materials for Adults, Teaching aids. Identification and preparation of books for
	illiterates, literates (neo), publication and marketing of materials, Development
	of materials – print and non - print
	Current Trends in Adult Education / Lifelong Learning: National Literacy
	Mission (NLM), Total Literacy campaign (TLC), post - literacy campaign
Unit – IV	(PLC) and other programmes of NLM. Role of NGOS, Universities and other
	Government agencies in support of the NLM – Unesco's efforts – Strategies for
	bringing Extension as the third dimension of the university system, Role and

	functions of Department of Adult Continuing Education and Extension, models	
	for Extension work. Role of Adult Education teacher educators in the twenty -	
	first Century – open learning	
Continuing Education, Training, field organization: Jana Shiksha		
	Jana Shikshan Sansthan (Shramik Vidyapeeth), Continuing Education courses,	
	Continuing Education and technology, NIOS, OBE, Continuing education and	
Unit V	vocational courses – planning forums, legal literacy programmes – Application	
Unit - V	of management principles at program, project, Management - Information	
	system for programme efficiency – Educational technologies, participatory	
	communication methods - Training for functionaries in ACE, NGOs,	
	participatory approach.	

References Books:

- 1. Aggarwal, J.C., Adult & Social Education in India, Global Perspective, New Delhi, 1989.
- 2. Grover, R.P. Rita Chopra, Adult Education, The Indian Publications, Ambala Cantt, 1998.
- 3. Kundu, C.L., Adult Education, Principles, Practice and Prospects, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1984.
- 4. Madan Singh, Adult Education in 21st Century, The Associated Publishers, Ambala Cantt, 2001.
- 5. Mohanty J., Adult and Non Formal Education, Deep & Deep publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.
- 6. Parashar B.P., A Text Book of Adult Education, Dominant Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
- 7. Rajendra Singh Yadav, Adult Education Concept Theory and Practice, The Associated Publishers, Ambala Cantt, 2002.

Journals:

- 1. Indian Journal of Adult Education: Indian Adult Education Association, 17 B Indraprastha Estate, New Delhi, 1939 - 2017.
- 2. Journal of Extension and Research "The Gandhigram Rural Institute Deemed University, Gandhigram", 1990 2017.
- 3. International Journal of Adult and Lifelong Education : International Institute of Adult and Lifelong Education, 17 B, I.P. Estate, New Delhi, 2006 2017.
- 4. Indian Journal of population Education, Indian Adult Education Association, 17 B, I.P. Estate, New Delhi 110 002, 1940 2017.

Websites :

- 1. www.nlm.nic.in
- 2. www.onlinecollegedegree.net

- 3. www.periodicals.com/stock_e/j/tt/12674.html
- 4. www.populationeducation.org
- 5. www.regiuniversityonline.org
- 6. www.southuniversity.online.com
- 7. www.aace.org
- 8. www.adulted.about.com