M.Sc.Geoinformatics

SYLLABUS

(Revised Syllabus w.e.f the academic year 2021-22 under the CBCS)

CENTRE FOR GEOINFORMATICS The Gandhigram Rural Institute (Deemed to be University) (Ministry of Education, Govt. of India) Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle) Gandhigram – 624 302 Dindigul District, Tamil Nadu

I.Programme Code : GISP

II.Programme : M.Sc. Geoinformatics

III. Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

- PEO1: to assess the spatial distribution of natural resources using tools of Geoinformatics.
- PEO2: to succeed in getting employment in their field of interest / related areas of RS/ GIS/GNSS/DIP/ Development of Software in Geoinformatics.
- PEO3: to grow in their professional career through higher education in the areas of GIS/ RS/ GNSS and software development.
- PEO4: to cater to the needs of the industry in order to contribute for the development of the society

PEO5: to become a consultant

IV. Graduate Attributes for M.Sc.Geoinformatics (GA)

1. Computational Knowledge:

In the area of natural resource and disaster management, they can apply the tools/ techniques of Geoinformatics.

2. Geospatial problem Analysis:

For the problems related to natural resource and disaster mapping and management, they can identify, formulate, review and solve, by which they can provide a valid solutions using the tools/techniques of Geoinformatics.

3. Design /Development of Solutions:

For complex geospatial problems in the area of natural resource management, they can design and evaluate solutions. Similarly, they can evolve models that can meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for rural development in general and public health and safety, cultural, societal and environmental considerations in particular.

4. Conduct Investigations of Complex Geospatial Problems:

In case studies, internship and dissertation they experiment, analyze and interpret the data to provide valid alternate solutions. Thus adopts research-based knowledge and research methods.

5. Professional Ethics:

Understand and commit to professional ethics.

6. Life-long Learning:

As a Geoinformatics professional, as per the requirement and need, they have the ability to learn independently for periodic updating.

7. Communication Efficacy:

They are capable to communicate effectively with the professional community and also with the society; as they are able to understand clear instructions, comprehend and write effective reports, design documentation

and make effective presentations.

8. Societal and Environmental Concern:

Understand and assess societal, environmental, health, safety, legal, and cultural issues within local and global contexts, and the consequential responsibilities relevant to professional practice.

9. Individual and Team Work:

They can function effectively as an individual and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multidisciplinary environments.

10. Innovation and Entrepreneurship

They can use innovation to pursue an opportunity to create value and wealth for the betterment of the society in serve and an individual in particular.

V. Programme Outcomes (PO)

- PO1: Become knowledgeable in the use of tools of Geoinformatics and apply them to the needs of the Employer / Institution / Enterprise / Society.
- PO2: Gain hands on experience in Digital Image Processing (DIP), GIS, GNSS and Programming / scripting languages
- PO3: Analyze the problems associated with natural resource and disaster management
- PO4: Develop tools / software in analyzing the issues in Natural Resource and Disaster Management
- PO5: Acquire knowledge in designing a GIS to gain field experience in identifying and analyzing problems related to natural resources/ disasters at various levels.

VI. Programme Specific Outcome (PSO)

- PSO1: Map the natural resources/ disaster using tools of Geoinformatics
- PSO2: Inventory of rural resource using Geoinformatics to solve natural resource related issues at various levels.
- PSO3: Apply the knowledge of Geoinformatics in the domain of identification and solving of natural resource problems
- PSO4: Design new tools/ tool bars and customize software to analyze natural resource data using Programming/ scripting languages along with the use of open source data and software
- PSO5: Selection and evaluation of tools and techniques of Geoinformatics and their suitability for natural resource/ disaster management.

Eligibility: A pass in UG degree in Sciences, Engineering and Technology disciplines.

nester	egory	ode	Title of the Course			of Credits of Credits inty (hours) fration of fration of fal Marks al Marks					
Ser	Cat	30		к	No. of	Theor	Pra (h	Dura	CFA	ESE	Tota
		21GISP0101	Introduction to Geoinformatics	2-4	4	4		3	40	60	100
		21GISP0102	Cartography	2-4	4	4		3	40	60	100
	Sec	21GISP0103	Geographical Information System	2-6	4	4		3	40	60	100
	r Coui	21GISP0104	Programming Languages for Geoinformatics	2-6	4	4		3	40	60	100
	Majo	21GISP0105	Practical - I: Geographical Information System	3-6	2		4	3	60	40	100
		21GISP0106	Practical - II: Programming Languages for Geoinformatics	2-6	2		4	3	60	40	100
	VAC	21GTPP0001	Gandhi in Everyday Life	2-3	2	2	-	-	50	-	50
				Total	22	18	8	-			
	s	21GISP0207	Remote Sensing and Photogrammetry	2-4	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
	LSe	21GISP0208	Digital Image Processing	2-5	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
	Cou	21GISP0209	Spatial Data Science	3-4	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
	Major (21GISP0210	Practical -III: Remote Sensing, Digital Image Processing and Photogrammetry	2-6	2		4	3	60	40	100
			Practical -IV: Spatial Data Science	2-6	2		4	3	60	40	100
			Modular Course	3-6	2	2			50	-	50
	EG		Elective - Generic	4-5	3	3		3	40	60	100
	VAC 21ENGP00C1		Communication / Soft Skills		2	2		-	50	-	50
	VAC	21GTPP00H1	Human Value and Professional ethics		2	2		-	50	-	50
		1	Total		25	21	8	•			
		21GISP0312	Global Navigation Satellite System	2-6	3	3		3	40	60	100
	ses	21GISP0313	Geoinformatics in Resource Management	2-6	4	4		3	40	60	100
Ш	Cours	21GISP0314	Geoinformatics in Disaster Management	2-6	3	3		3	40	60	100
	Major	21GISP0315	Practical -V: Geoinformatics in Resources and Disaster Management	2-6	2		4	3	60	40	100
		21GISP0316	Practical -VI: Case Study in GIS / RS/ Web GIS	3-6	2		4	3	60	40	100
		21APRP0101	0101 Research Methods and Statistics		4	4		3	40	60	100
	DC	21GISP03DX	Elective – Discipline Centric	3-6	3	3	-	3	40	60	100
	VPP	21GISP03V1	Village Placement Programme	5-6	2		-	-	50	-	50
	MC 21GISP00MY Modular Course			3-6	2	2	- 0		50	-	50
		0101000447	I otal	5.0	25	19	0	-	75	105	200
N7	Major	2101070417		0-C	10		12		3 40 60 3 40 60 3 40 60 3 40 60 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 60 40 - 50 - - 50 - 3 40 60 3 40 60 3 40 60 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 40 60 3 40 60 3 40 60 3 40 60 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 60 40 3 40 60 3 40 60		200
IV	-	2101320410	internsnip Tatal	0-0	12		24		∠00	-	200
	1		Grant Total (I + II + III + IV)		90	- 58	60				
				1		55	00	1			

VIII. Scheme of Examination of the Programme M.Sc. Geoinformatics (Revised Syllabus w.e.f the Academic year 2021 – 2022 under the CBCS)

			No. of		
Semester	Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits		
	21GISP0101	Introduction to Geoinformatics	4		
	21GISP0102 Cartography		4		
	21GISP0103 Geographical Information System		4		
Ι	21GISP0104	Programming Languages for Geoinformatics	4		
	21GISP0105	Practical - I: Geographical Information System	2		
	21GISP0106	Practical - II: Programming Languages for Geoinformatics	2		
		Total	20		
	21GISP0207	Basics of Remote Sensing and Photogrammetry	4		
	21GISP0208	Digital Image Processing	4		
	21GISP0209 Spatial Data Science				
II	2101000210	Practical -III: Remote Sensing, Digital Image Processing and			
	2101370210	Photogrammetry	2		
	21GISP0211	0211 Practical -IV: Spatial Data Science			
		Total	16		
	21GISP0312	Global Navigation Satellite System	3		
	21GISP0313	Geoinformatics in Resource Management	4		
	21GISP0314	Geoinformatics in Disaster Management	3		
	2101000315	Practical -V: Geoinformatics in Resources and Disaster			
111	21013-0313	Management	2		
	21GISP0316	Practical -VI: Case Study in GIS / RS/ Web GIS	2		
	21APRP0003	Research Methods and Statistics	4		
		Total	18		
	21GISP0417	Dissertation *	6		
IV	21GISP0418	Internship**	12		
		Total	18		
		Grant Total (I + II + III + IV)	72		

Major Course

Elective - Discipline Centric

Discipline Cer	Discipline Centric courses - 21GISP03DX					
21GISP03D1 Earth, Atmospheric, Ocean and Planetary Sciences						
21GISP03D2 Geoinformatics for Watershed Management						
21GISP03D3	Web Technology for Geoinformatics					
21GISP03D4	Google Earth Engine for Remote Sensing Applications					

Modular Course

Modular Course	21GISP00MX / MY
21GISP00M1	Spatial Decision Support System
21GISP00M2	Open Source Software
21GISP00M3	LiDAR and its Applications
21GISP00M4	Drone Image Processing

Value Added Courses

VAC 21GISP2V	AX	
21GISP2VA1	Advanced Surveying	
21GISP2VA2	Planetary Remote Sensing	
21GISP2VA3	Satellite Meteorology	
21GISP2VA4	Land Use/ Land Cover Mapping using Google Earth Engine	

OBE Pattern

Name of the Programme	M.Sc. Geoinformatics										
Year of Introduction	2002		Year of Revision		2021						
Semester-wise Courses and Credit distribution	I	II		IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	х	Total
No. of Courses	7	9	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	27
No. of Credits	22	25	25	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	90

Semester	I	Course Code	21GISP0101			
Course Title	Intro	duction to Geoinformatics				
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week		4		
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	45%				
Category	Core Course					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 					
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to introduce Geoinformatics as an advanced tool consisting of various modern advanced technologies used for mapping and managing the earth resources. 					
UNIT		No. of Hours				
I	Earth – Origin, Interior, Age, size, shape and Physiography. Atmosphere: Origin and nature, Composition and layers of the 5 atmosphere. Hydrosphere and lithosphere constituents.					
I	Geodetic information - lat - long - time – altimetry. Basic principles of surveying – Classification and applications- Scales - Conventional signs - Land Surveying - Various Levels, Leveling methods, Compass, Theodolite and Total Station and their uses, Tachometer, Trigonometric leveling, Traversing, Triangulation and Trilateration					
III	Meaning and Scope of Geoinformatics – Science and Technologies involved: Remote Sensing - Cartography -Geographical Information System- Digital Image Processing - Photogrammetry - Geodesy- Global Positioning System - Information & Communication Technologies					
IV	Aerial and Satellite based survey techniques - Photogrammetry, RADAR, LiDAR –UAV - Survey by GNSS. Geodata visualization and 10 analysis					
V	Application of Geoinformatics: Rural Development, Geosciences, Agriculture, Forestry, Soil Studies, Meteorology, Military, Civil Engineering, Transport, Environmental studies, Banking, Health, Telecommunication, Electricity, Oil & Gas Industries etc.,					
References	Text Books 1. Chandra A.M., Geoinformatics, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2016.					
	 LO. C.P., and Albert K.W.Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006. 					

	 Reference Books Peter A. Burrough et al., Principles of Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Oxford University Press Inc., New York, 2015.
	 Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelivs and Steve Carver, An Introduction to Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Pearson Education Pvt .Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.
	 Arthur H. Robinson et al. Elements of Cartography (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
	4. Misra, R.P.and Ramesh, A, Fundamentals of Cartography, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2002.
	 Lillesand, Kiefer and Chipman, Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2017.
	 E-Resources: 1. https://courses.lumenlearning.com/geophysical/chapter/the-composition-and-structure-of-earth/ 2. https://www.britannica.com/topic/evolution-of-the-atmosphere-1703862 3. https://ncert.nic.in/textbook/pdf/kegy303.pdf 4. http://bbsbec.edu.in/wp-content/uploads/2020/01/com.pdf 5. http://www.gitta.info/Generalisati/en/image/Signs.pdf 6. https://www.icsm.gov.au/education/fundamentals-mapping/surveying-mapping/surveying-methods 7. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/291833102_GIS_Scope_and_Benefits 8. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/earth-and-planetary-sciences/remotesensing-technology 9. http://sdeuoc.ac.in/sites/default/files/sde_videos/Digital%20Image%20Processing%203rd%20ed.%20-%20R.%20Gonzalez%2C%20R.%20Woods-ilovepdf-compressed.pdf 10. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/agricultural-and-biological-
	<u>sciences/photogrammetry</u>
Course Outcomes	 CO1. Understand the basic information about to earth, atmosphere and principles of acquiring earth related information CO2. Understand the meaning, scope and science & technologies involved in Geoinformatics. CO3. Understand and analyze the basics principles of surveying using conventional and modern tools and technologies CO4. Apply various methods of Geodata visualization for analysis. CO5 Apply tools of Geoinformatics in various applications

			PSO		
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	2	2	1	1
CO 2	3	2	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1
CO 4	2	2	2	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Semester	I	Course Code		21GISP0102				
Course Title	Cartography							
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week		4				
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course If revised, Percentage of 30 ^o Revision effected							
Category	Core Course							
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill						
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 						
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to helps the students to know about the basic principles and importance of cartography, map projection, data visualization, map design and layout and various techniques of map production and reproduction. 							
UNIT		Content						
I	Cartography: Definition – na map – Principles of Cartograp types of map – Map Compilat	Cartography: Definition – nature, scope and its role – Concept of map – Principles of Cartography – Characteristics, Components and types of map – Map Compilation and generalization						
II	Map projection: Concept – projection: Conical – Azimuth	classification – uses and type al - Cylindrical – map scale.	es of	11				
III	Date/Information – database – Visualization of data: symbolization – 2D visualization (mapping techniques) – 3D visualization (TIN, DEM, DSM, DTM, Hill Shading, Hatching, visibility analysis, slope, aspect) – 4D visualization (creation of movies, animation) – virtual reality map – issues in visualization.							
IV	Definition of map design and layout – Overall map designing: Elements – Internal map designing: Components – Methods of map reproduction – various ways of sharing of geospatial data with users. Map appreciation and interpretation.							
V	Introduction to Digital Cartography: Adaptation of Computer in Cartography – History – Components of Digital Cartography - Benefits – disadvantages of digital cartography - Conventional mapping Vs Digital Mapping; Web cartography. Nano cartography.							
References	 Text Books : 1. Arthur H. Robinson et al. Elements of Cartography (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2016. 							

	 Reference Books: 1. LO, C.P. and Albert K.W.Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006. 2. Misra, R.P. and Ramesh, A., Fundamentals of Cartography, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2002. 3. Cartwright .W, Gartner G. ALehn (Eds.), Cartography and Art, Springer – Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2009. 					
	 E-Resources 1. Fundamentals of General Cartography, http://164.100.133.129:81/econtent/Uploads/Fundamentals_of_General_Ca rtography.pdf 2. Elements of Cartography by Arthur H. Robinson, http://rapidshare.com/files/685095396/Elements.of.Cartography.rar 3. Cartography – a tool for spatial analysis, <u>https://www.pdfdrive.net/cartography-a-tool-for-spatial-analysis-</u> d39693639.html 					
Course Outcomes	 On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Explain the basic principles of cartography and interpretation of maps CO2. Choose appropriate projection for a map CO3. Select a method of data collection and visualization CO4. Construct a map with design and layout principles CO5. Apply the computers in digital map making on web 					

			PSO		
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	1	1	2
CO 2	3	2	1	1	3
CO 3	3	2	1	1	2
CO 4	3	3	1	1	3
CO 5	3	2	1	1	2

Semester	I	Course Code	21GISP0103		
Course Title	Geographical Information System				
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4		
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	40 %		
Category	Core Course				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 				
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to provide knowledge on various methods of data input, types of errors and its correcting methods. gain knowledge on GIS analysis, GIS data modeling, know about various forms of GIS output and their method of visualization. 				
UNIT	Content No. of Hou				
I	GIS: Definition – components – characteristics of Spatial Data – sources of GIS data - spatial data models/ structure - raster and vector – representation of spatial data in GIS: Layer based – tile				
II	Data Input methods: Keyboard – scanning – digitization: manual – semi-automatic – automatic, – electronic data transfer. Errors in Spatial data and attribute data – edge matching - rubber 9 sheeting. Integration of spatial and non-spatial (attribute) data				
	Vector Analysis: Measurement – Query – Buffer – MCE: Estimation of weights: ranking – rating – pair-wise comparison method - Overlay. Network modeling: Arc – Node – vertices – Analysis: travelling sales person problem – location-allocation modeling – route tracing – service area – closest facility – OD cost matrix.				
IV	Raster Analysis: Measureme Spatial interpolation: TIN – Spatial moving average– ext Surface modeling: DEM – SI view-shed analysis - curvatu Hydrological Analysis: Fill – flow length – basin.	nt – Reclassification - Overlay. Thiessen Polygon – trend surfac rapolation. lope – Aspect - Hill Shade – visibi re. flow direction – flow accumulation	e - lity/ 12 n -		

	Building an integrated database: Weighted overlay – weighted sum – fuzzy membership – fuzzy overlay				
V	Modelbuilding-CartographicOutput:Mapsasoutput-cartograms:definition–typesofcartograms-non-cartographicoutput:TablesandCharts–Linkeddisplay–spatialmultimedia10deliverymechanism:Hardcopyoutput–softcopyoutput:monitors–slideshows–virtualreality-mapasadecisiontool.				
References	Text Books:				
	 Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelivs and Steve Carver, An Introduction to Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2017. 				
	Reference Books:				
	 Peter A. Burrough et al., Principles of Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Oxford University Press Inc., New York, 2015. 				
	2. Kang-tsung Chang, Introduction to Geographic Information Systems (4th				
	Edition), McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.				
	3. John R. Jensen and Ryan R. Jensen, Introductory Geographic Information				
	Systems, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2018.				
	4. LO. C.P., and Albert K.W.Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic				
	Information Systems, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006.				
	5. M. Anji Reddy, Text Book of Remote Sensing and Geographical Information				
	Systems (4 th Edition), BS Publications, Hyderabad, 2019.				
	E-Resources:				
	1. Michael J de Smith, Michael F Goodchild and Paul A Lougley, Geospatial				
	Analysis (6 th Edition), 2020,				
	nttps://spatialanalysisonline.com/HIML/Index.ntml				
	2. Paul Boistau, GIS Fundamentals. A First Text on Geographic information Systems 2016 https://www.pdfdrive.com/gis.fundamentals.a first text on				
	apparable_information_systems_e188660361 html				
	3 Michael D Kennedy Michael F Goodchild & Jack Dangermond Introducing				
	Geographic Information Systems with ArcGIS: A Workbook Approach to				
	Learning GIS, 2013, https://www.pdfdrive.com/introducing-geographic-				
	information-systems-with-arcgis-a-workbook-approach-to-learning-gis-				
	e156925406.html				
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do				
	CO1. Explain the basics of GIS				
	CO2. Discuss the various methods of data input and editing.				
	CO3. Apply the tools of GIS in Vector & Raster data.				
	CO4. Identify and produce different GIS output				
	CO5. Analyze, evaluate and create various GIS based models.				

aa	PSO				
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	1	1	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	3
CO 4	2	2	2	1	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	3

Semester	I	Course Code	21GISP0104		
Course Title	Programming Languages for Geoinformatics				
No. of Credits	4 No. of contact hours per Week 4				
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	80%		
Category	Core Course				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses implicitly 	ill parting transferable and life skills			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 				
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to Offer Object Oriented Programming concepts in python and basic knowledge on Machine Learning and Deep Learning. 				
UNIT	Content No. of Hou				
I	Introduction OOPS Concept – Application of OOPS –Introduction - Variables - Expressions - Statements - Operators - Functions - Conditionals and Recursion - Fruitful Functions.				
II	Iteration- Strings - Lists - Tuples - Dictionaries - Files and exceptions. Library : Geemap - Arcpy- Pandas - Geopandas - RSGISLib - GDAL/OGR - Folium - ipyleaflet - Scikit - Matplotlib - NumPy - PyProj- PyTorch - Keras - TensorFlow - Theano – SciPy – LiDAR. Reading Satellite images.				
Ш	Class and objects - Class Inheritance - Linked lists - Sta	s and methods - Sets of object acks-Queues – Trees.	cts - 10		
IV	Foundation of Machine Learning - Data Pre-Processing - Supervised Learning: Introduction -Linear Regression-Logistic Regression -Naive Bayes. Unsupervised Learning - Introduction - Olustering - Principal Component Analysis - Single Value Decomposition. GIS in Machine Learning.				
V	Deep Learning - Foundation - Fundamental - Deep Learning from Scratch - Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) - Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN) - Deep Belief Networks (DBN) - GIS in Deep Learning GIS applications in DL.				
References	Text Book 1. 1How to Think like a	Computer Scientist Learning wit	h Python, Allen		

	Downey, Jeffrey Elkner and Chris Meyers, Green Tea Press.
	Reference Books:
	 Machine learning algorithms using python programming, Gopal Sakarkar, Gaurav Patil And Prateek Dutta, Nova Publisher.
	 Deep Learning - Foundation - Fundamental - Deep Learning from Scratch Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) - Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN) Deep Belief Networks (DBN) - GIS in Deep Learning
	 E.Balagurusamy, Introduction to Computing and Problem Solving Using Python, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pyt. Ltd., Chennai, 2016.
	 Reema Thareja, Problem Solving and Programming with Python, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2018.
	 Allen B.Downney, Think Python (2nd Edition), Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2019.
	 Michael Bowled, Machine Learning in Python, Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.
	 Guida Van Rossum et al., An Introduction to Python, Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2019
	E-Resources: 1. ArcPy and ArcGIS, <u>http://www2.arinigeo.com/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2016/05/ArcPy-and-ArcGIS-Geospatial-Analysis-with-</u> <u>Python-by-Silas-Toms.pdf</u>
	 Programming ArcGIS 10.1 with Python Cookbook, <u>http://pdf.th7.cn/down/files/1312/Programming%20ArcGIS%2010.1%20wit</u> <u>h%20Python%20Cookbook.pdf</u>
	3. Python, <u>http://www.davekuhlman.org/python_book_01.pdf</u>
	 Python Scripting for ArcGIS , http://darrylmcleod.com/wp- content/uploads/2016/06/Python-Scripting-for-ArcGIS.pdf
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do
	CO 1. Understand the basic concepts of object oriented programming CO 2. Write simple programs using Python. CO 3. Understand advanced concept of Python
	CO 4. Understand Machine Learning Algorithms CO5. Understand Deep Learning Algorithms

	PSO				
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	1	2	3	2	3
CO 2	2	2	3	2	3
CO 3	1	3	2	3	3
CO 4	1	2	3	3	3
CO 5	1	3	2	1	2

Semester		Course Code	21GISP0105			
Course Title	Practical – I: Geographical Information System					
No. of Credits	2	2 No. of contact hours per Week 4				
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	40 %			
Category	Core Course					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 					
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to apply the tools of Auto geospatial data, created 	CAD and ArcGIS in creating, analy a model and to design map and la	zing and evaluating ayout			
UNIT	Content No. of Hou					
I	Surveying: Total Station - DGPS.					
II	Introduction to commercial (AutoCAD, ArcGIS, QGIS etc Map Appreciation - Map int dictionary. Georeferencing - projections Spatial and attribute data ent	and open source GIS softwa c) terpretation – spatial entities – d – Database creation. ry, editing and joining them.	are. ata 12			
III	Working with tables and layer properties. Methods of data analysis I: Measurement - Buffer - overlay- spatial interpolation - reclass - TIN - DEM. Methods of data analysis II: Network - surface - hydrology.					
IV	Map algebra – MCE - Buildi	ng models - Map Design and Layo	ut 15			
V	Creation of tool bar – introduction to ArcPY – generating python scripts from Model Builder.					
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, CO1. Apply total station and CO2. Apply the tools of Auto CO3. Analyze the data in G CO4. Create new models CO5. Design and layout a m	students should be able to DGPS for surveying CAD, ArcGIS, QGIS etc. IS with appropriate tools ap				

	PSO				
co	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	1	3	2	3	3
CO 2	1	3	2	3	2
CO 3	1	3	2	3	2
CO 4	1	3	2	3	3
CO 5	3	1	3	2	3

Semester	I	Course Code	21GISP0106			
Course Title	Practical – II: Programming Languages for Geoinformatics					
No. of Credits	2	2 No. of contact hours per Week 4				
New Course / Revised Course	New	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	-			
Category	Core Course					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses implicitly 	ill parting transferable and life skills				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-6: (Create) 					
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to import basic programming knowledge using Python for Geoinformatics. Provide basic knowledge on GDAL to read GIS image files Python. 					
UNIT	Content No. of Hour					
	Python Programming 1. Operators 2. Decision statements (if 3. Basic Loop operations 4. Strings 5. Math Functions and IC 6. Functions 7. Recursion Function 8. File Operations 9. Class and Objects 10. Constructor 11. Overloading (Functional) 12. Inheritance 13. Exception Handling 14. Modules 15. List 16. Tuple 17. Dictionaries 18. Stacks	f- else, switch)) functions al and Operator)	20			

	19. Queues		
	20. Linked List		
	21. Trees		
	GDAL Libraries	15	
	1. File Reading Operations		
	2. Satellite Image Reading		
	3. Manipulation on Satellite Images		
III	Ipyleaflet Libraries	15	
	1. Simple Map reading	-	
	2. Simple Map operations		
	3. Adding marks on a Map		
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do		
	CO1. Develop programs using decision making, functions, Class, Inho structures and in Python	eritance, Data	
	CO2. Write Python programming for GDAL Libraries		
	CO3. Write Python programs for lpyLeaflet Libraries		
	CO4: Write Python programs for manipulation of Satellite Images.		
	CO5: Write Python programs for manipulation of Maps.		

	PSO				
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	1	3	2	3	3
CO 2	2	3	2	1	3
CO 3	2	1	3	3	2
CO4	1	2	3	2	2
CO5	2	1	2	3	3

<u>SEMESTER - 2</u> First Year

Semester		Course Code	21GISP0207		
Course Title	Remote Sensing and Photogrammetry				
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4		
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	30%		
Category	Core Course				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 				
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to understand the basic concepts of remote sensing and photogrammetry understand the systems and techniques of data acquisition, LiDAR, Hyperspectral remote sensing and data products of different satellites. 				
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours		
l	History and development Components and types of r with atmosphere and Earth Spatial, Temporal & Radi Scanning & Orbiting Me Acquisition Optical Remot sensors and scanners Image interpretation – Visual	- Electro Magnetic Spectrum remote sensing – Energy interact h features - Resolutions (Spect ometric) - Platforms – Sensors inchanism of Satellites and D the Sensing: Basic concepts - Option Interpretation elements	- ion ral, s - ata 10 cal		
II	Historical development - de and execution- Geometry of vertical aerial photograph, parallax - Aerial triangulation Digital photogrammetry	finition – types – Sensors -Plann f vertical aerial photograph, scale relief displacement Stereosco on –Ortho photograph generation	ing of pic 10 ו -		
III	Thermal Remote Sensing: E scanners - Thermal Inertia. Microwave Remote Sensi sensors and Radiometers Radargrammetry (SLAR & RADARSAT, Sentinel 1A&1E LiDAR – LiDAR system - o LiDAR data characteristics –	Basic concepts - Thermal sensors ing: Basic concepts - Microwa - Geometric characters. RADAR & SAR) – Missions : RIS/ B, NISAR, ALOS PALSAR – SRTM components - operating principles advantages.	s & ave AT, 10		

IV	Hyper spectral Remote Sensing: basic concepts hyperspectral sensors, data formats and systems, AVIRIS, CASI, MODIS and Hyperion. Lunar Remote Sensing – Mars Mission.	8
V	Types of satellites – environmental, resource survey satellites, weather and communication satellites, GPS satellites and Shuttle Mission - Major satellite systems: Sensors and data products of IRS, LANDSAT, SPOT, ERS, IKONOS, Quik Bird, ORBVIEW, WORLD VIEW and others – UAV and low altitude payloads in different spectral regions.	10
References	Text Books (with chapter number & page number, wherever needed):	terpretation
	 (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2017. Paul R. Wolf., Elements of Photogrammetry, McGraw Hill Educa Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2014. 	ation (India)
	 Reference Books: 1. Basudeb Bhatta, Remote Sensing and GIS (2nd Edition), Oxford Press New Delhi 2017 	University
	 John R.Jensen, Remote Sensing of the Environment: An Earth Perspective (2nd Edition), Pearson India Education Services Pvt L 2018. 	Resource .td, Noida,
	3. Ravi P. Gupta, Remote Sensing Geology (2nd Edition), Spring Pvt. Ltd., 2014.	ger (India)
	 M. Anji Reddy, Text Book of Remote Sensing and Ge Information Systems (4th Edition), BS Publications, Hyderabad, 207 Chandra A.M and Ghosh. S.K., Remote Sensing and G Information System (2nd Edition), Narosa Publishing House Pvt. 	ographical 19. Geographic Ltd., New
	 Delhi, 2017. 6. Mikhail et al., Introduction to Modern Photogrammetry, Wiley Indi New Delhi.2013. 	a PvtLtd,
	E-Resources (URLs of e-books / YouTube videos / online learning reso 1. <u>https://ncert.nic.in/textbook/pdf/kegy307.pdf</u>	urces, etc.)
	2.https://www.nrcan.gc.ca/sites/www.nrcan.gc.ca/files/earthsciences/p e/tutor/fundam/pdf/fundamentals_e.pdf	odf/resourc
	3.https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers_2009/general/prin esensing.pdf	ciplesremot
	4. <u>https://www.electronicshub.org/different-types-sensors/</u> 5.http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/epgpdata/uploads/epgp_content/S000017(8/M027029/ET/1517207018AERIALPHOTOGRAPHY(2.pdf	GE/P00178
	6. <u>https://www.slideshare.net/virajain/lecture-1aerial-photogrammetry</u> 7.http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/epgpdata/uploads/epgp_content/S0000170	GE/P00178
	8.https://earth.esa.int/documents/973910/1002056/CK3.pdf/4e5b4e5a 43b8-9e5c-ba7494aa58c8	a-d898-
	9.http://www.geoinformatie.nl/courses/gima_rs/Day%203/GIMA%20ch owave%20Remote%20Sensing.pdf	n4%20Micr
	10.https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/earth-and-planetary-sciences looking-radar	s/side-

Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to
	CO1. Understand the basic concepts of remote sensing.
	CO2. Understand aerial photography, types, planning and execution.
	CO3. Apply different photogrammetric techniques.
	CO4. Understand the basics of LiDAR, RADAR, Microwave remote sensing and its principles.
	CO5. Understand various satellite and sensors.

			PSO		
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	3	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1
CO 4	3	3	3	1	1
CO 5	2	2	2	1	1

Semester	II	Course Code	21GISP0208
Course Title	Di	gital Image Processing	
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	25%
Category	Core Course		
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses imployed to the second secon	ill parting transferable and life skills	
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) 		
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to apply the concept of digital image processing techniques analyze the digital data evaluate and create information on Earth using digital data 		
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours
I	Digital Data: Basic Characte file format. Data acquisition and interpre sampling and quantization - I merging - image transmission	ristics of digital image - data type tation - Image display systems - Ir Basic relationship between pixels - n and compression.	and nage 8 data
II	Digital Image Processing: I processing - Preprocessing correction and radiometric co	ntroduction - stages in digital ir g: geometric correction, atmosp prrection	nage heric 10
III	Image Enhancement: stretc reduction & Magnification, enhancement) - Multiband composite generation, Princ & other indices).	h, Single Band Enhancement (In Contrast Stretching, Filtering & E Enhancement (Band rationing, ipal Component Analysis, NDVI,N	nage Edge color 9 DWI
IV	Image Classification: Unsu classification technique - t minimum distance to mean maximum likelihood classific Classification - Fuzzy Class classification smoothing char	pervised classification - Supervised classification - Supervised classification sta classifier – parallelepiped classifier - Hybrid Classification – Sub ification - accuracy assessment- nge detection procedures	vised ge - ier - Pixel 13 post
V	Hyperspectral Image Proces Data Redundancy, - Pro	sing: Data cube, Hyperspectral Pr blems with Dimensionality, Pri	ofiles, ncipal 8

	Component, Minimum Noise Fraction (MNF) - Atmospheric Correction, Pixel Purity Index, Empirical line Calibration - Reflectance Transformation, Continuum Removal - Spectral feature Fitting, Spectral Angle mapper & SVM. Microwave Image Processing
References	 Correction, Pixel Purity Index, Empirical line Calibration - Reflectance Transformation, Continuum Removal - Spectral feature Fitting, Spectral Angle mapper & SVM. Microwave Image Processing] Text Books: John R Jenson, "Introducing Digital Image Processing", Prantice Hall. New Jersy 1986. Lillesand, Kiefer and Chipman, Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2017. Reference Books: Jensen R. John, Remote Sensing of the Environment An Earth Resource Perspective, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2006. Gibson, Paul.J. and Clare H. Power, Introductory Remote Sensing: Digital Image Processing and Applications, Routledge, London, 2000. Milman S. Andrew, Mathematical Principles of Remote Sensing making Inferences from Noisy Data, Ann Arbor Press, Noida, 1999. Paul J. Curran, Principles of Remote Sensing Digital Image Book Society, Longman, 1985. John A. Richards, Springer-Verlag, Remote Sensing Digital Image Analysis, 1999. Digital Image Processing (3rd Edition) Rafael c.Gonzolez, Richard E.Woods Prentice Hall, 2007. E-Resources: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hhddNZloKWs https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H0MQ2878710 https://www.ikouniv.ac.in/site/writereaddata/siteContent/202004021910156883aja y_misra geo_Digital Image Processing.pdf https://www.ikouniv.ac.in/site/writereaddata/siteContent/202004021910156883aja y_misra geo_Digital Image Processing.pdf https://www.ikouniv.ac.in/site/writereaddata/siteContent/202004021910156883aja y_misra geo_Digital Image Processing.pdf https://www.ikouniv.ac.in/site/writereaddata/siteContent/202004021910156883aja y_misra geo_Digital Image Processing.pdf https://www.ikouniv.ac.in/site/writereaddata/siteContent/202004021910156883aja y_misra geo_Digital Image Processing.pdf
	 <u>w.php?id=2065</u> sfile:///C:/Users/admin/Downloads/HyperspectraRemoteSensingDataAPr acticalManual_20131.pdf <u>https://www.l3harrisgeospatial.com/Company/News/NewsDetail/ArtMID/11139/ArticleID/23460/The-Science-and-Art-of-Hyperspectral-Image-Analysis</u> <u>https://sisu.ut.ee/imageprocessing/book/6coursesonline.iasri.res.in/mod/page/view.php?id=2065</u>

Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do
	 CO1. Understand digital data, format, acquisition and interpretation of various remotely sensed satellite images CO2. Understand maps preprocessing and enhancement. CO3. Understand various image classification techniques CO4. Understand various DIP techniques used in Hyperspectral Images
	CO4. Understand valious DIP techniques used in Hyperspectral images.
	CO5. Understand various outputs and other techniques.

			PSO		
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	3	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1
CO 4	2	2	2	1	1
CO 5	2	2	2	1	1

Semester	II	Course Code	21GISP0209
Course Title		Spatial Data Science	
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	-
Category	Core Course		
Scope of the Course	Skill DevelopmentEmployability		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 		
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to provide the concept of Management System provide R programs f provide point pattern 	Data Science, Basic Statistics, Sp and Spatial Data Science. or Data Science analysis.	atial Data Base
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours
I	Introduction Data Science - Tools – Applications - Prob Science. Exploratory Data A Linear Regression - Multiple Binomial Distribution - Time Random Forest.	- Components – Process – Roles lems in Data Science - Spatial D nalysis. Statistics for Data Science Regression - Normal Distributio Series Analysis - Decision Tre	s – ata æ - n - 10 æ -
	Database Management Sy Management System(SDBM Big Data System, Hadoop Data System.	rstem (DBMS) - Spatial Databa S)- Big Data System , MapReduc – Hadoop, Ecosystem - Spatial	ase ce - Big 10
III	Introduction to Spatial Data Mapping - Statistical Mappir exploratory data analysis Autocorrelation - Visualizin Moran - Other autocorrelation variable.	a Science - Spatial Data analysi g - Univariate - Bivariate- Multivari - Spatial Autocorrelation - Glo g Autocorrelation -LISA and Lo n - Multi-variate LISA - LISA for bin	s - ate bal cal 15 ary
IV	Software for Spatial Data S Language – overview – I structures – Looping stateme List – Matrix – Arrays – Da Statistics Operations – Data Mapping.	Science : Basic R programming - Data types - Operators – Con ents – Functions – Strings – Vector ata Interfaces - Chart and Graphs frames – Data Visualization – Ba	R- trol s – 15 ssic

	Software : GeoDa - GeoDaSpace - PySAL spreg API - spvcm - PySAL - CAST - Spatial Access package. Applications of Data Science and Spatial Data Science	
V	Spatial Point Patterns Methodology and Applications with R: Point pattern concept - Point Pattern Intensity - Point pattern vs Intensity - Point Pattern Distance - Point Pattern K function - Point Pattern Local K -DBScan-Smoothing Rates -Scan statistics - Dimension Reduction Methods - Clustering Methods-Classical - Advanced methods.	10
References	Reference Books: 1. Spatial Point Patterns Methodology and Applications with R - Adria Ege Rubak, Rolf Turner. CRC publications	n Baddeley,
	 Cluster Analysis, Brian S. Everitt . Sabine Landau Morven Leese . E 5th edition Wily publications. 	Daniel Stahl,
	3. Practical Data Scince with R, 2nd Edition, Nina Zumel and John Rachel Thomas, Manning Publications.	Mount and
	E-Resources: 1. Spatial Data Science: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JwHxJsesG2Y&list=Fermionalsecters}</u> <u>enmFyTw8v2JZpEE4PZGNi5Ht</u>	PLzREt6r1N
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to	
	 CO 1. Understand the Concept of Data Science and Statistics CO 2. Understand database management system and Spatial Databa Managements system. CO 3. Understand Spatial Data Science. CO 4. Understand R programming CO 5. Understand Point Pattern methodology 	se

			PSO		
СО	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	1	2	3	2	3
CO 2	1	2	3	2	3
CO 3	1	2	3	2	3
CO 4	1	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	3	1	2	3

Semester	II	Course Code	21GISP0210
Course Title	Practical –III: Remote Sensi	ng, Digital Image Processing and	l Photogrammetry
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	30%
Category	Core Course		
Scope of the Course	Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability	ill	
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to provide hands on exp images and digital im 	erience on visual interpretation of a age processing techniques.	different satellite
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours
I	 Study of various visual Decoding of different a Interpretation of Black Interpretation of optica Generation of various 	Remote Sensing Equipments erial and satellite data & White and Multi-color images I, thermal and microwave images thematic maps using image.	12
II	 6. Streovision Test and A Stereoscopes. 7. Interpretation of Aerial 8. Decoding, Marking & T drawing, Flight line ma Transfer the details to 	natomy of pocket & Mirror photographs ransfer of Principal Points, Base lin rking, 3D Observation, Tracing det base map.	ne ails,
III	 Reading and displayin formats Layer stacking and Ge Composite Georeferencing the b Image Extracting / Subset, Ar Measuring distance an Mosaic 	g satellite data from BIL, BSQ an nerating True, False and Pseudo C ase image, Image to Image, M ea of Interest (AOI) d area.	d BIP Colour ap to 12

	15 Preprocessing - Geometric correction of satellite image				
	16. Enhancement using different filtering techniques. Image				
	Fusion				
	17. Principal Component Analysis (PCA)				
IV	18. Band ratio, NDWI, NDSI, RVI, TNDVI, PRI, NDVI etc.	12			
	19. Classification (Supervised, Unsupervised, Hybrid, Fuzzy etc)				
	20. Accuracy Assessment				
	21. Change detection				
	22. Terrain Analysis				
	23. Layout Preparation				
	24. Hyper spectral Image Analysis				
	25. 3D visualization				
V	26. SAR Image Processing	12			
v	27. Exploration of various sites on UAV	12			
	28. Familiarization with hardware and software of UAV				
	29. Acquisition of satellite images: Theory in UAV mode				
Course Outeemes	30. Processing of UAV images				
Course Outcomes	Controlling of the course, students should be able to do				
	CO1 Interpret aenar photographs, satellite images.				
CO2 Transfer of information from image to base map.					
	CO3 Preprocessing and enhancement of satellite data.				
	CO4 Apply unsupervised and supervised classification techniques and apply &				
	analyze the accuracy.				
	CO5 Apply various Image Processing techniques.				

00	PSO				
60	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	3	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	2	2	2	2	2
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Semester	I	Course Code	21GISP0211	
Course Title	Practical- IV Spatial Data Science			
No. of Credits	2	4		
New Course / Revised Course	New	-		
Category	Core Course			
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills 			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 			
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to to learn MYSQL, to learn Spatial Data Science using R to utilize them in GeoDa software. 			
UNIT	Content No. of H			
	MySQL 1. Introduction to MYSQL 2. Data Definition Langua 3. Data Manipulation Lan 4. Sub Queries and Joins 5. Views 6. Procedures 7. Cursors 8. Triggers	12		
II	 Spatial Data Science – LAB (9. R- Introduction 10. Filtering a data frame f 11. Selecting and renamin 12. Creating a simple featu 13. Checking and adding/a 14. Dealing with missing d 15. Spatial join 16. Spatial aggregation 17. PDF file Manipulation - 	12		

	GeoDa Software	12
	10. Basic Mapping 19. Rate Manning	
	20. Exploratory Data Analysis	
	21. Local Spatial Autocorrelation	
	22. Global Spatial Autocorrelation	
	23. Density-Based Clustering Methods	
	24. Cluster Analysis 25. Spatial Clustering	
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do	
	CO1. Write queries in MySQL.	
	CO2. Create R programs for Spatial Data Science.	
	CO2. Create R programs for Spatial Data Science. CO3. Use GeoDa Software for spatial Data Science.	
	 CO2. Create R programs for Spatial Data Science. CO3. Use GeoDa Software for spatial Data Science. CO4. Perform various Auto correlations using Geoda software. CO5. Perform various clustering analysis methods using Geoda software 	vare.

	PSO				
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	1	2	3	2	3
CO 2	1	2	3	2	3
CO 3	1	2	3	2	3
CO4	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	2	3	2	2	3

Second Year

Semester	III	Course Code	21GISP0312		
Course Title	Global Navigation Satellite System				
No. of Credits	3 No. of contact hours per Week 3				
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course If revised, Percentage of 40%				
Category	Core Course				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 				
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to Understand the working principles of GNSS, Provide knowledge on various GNSS systems Analyze and correct the GNSS errors Create database on geo co-ordinates using various GNSS techniques Apply GNSS in various fields 				
UNIT	Content No. of Ho				
I	GNSS: Definition - History of GNSS - Segments of GNSS User segment – Uses of GNS	ns of ent - 9			
	GNSS: NAVSTAR GPS – GALILEO – GLONAAS- Beidou. Regional – IRNSS – QZSS. Types of receivers - realization of channel – user community. GNSS Augmentation: WAAS – LAAS – EGNOS – MSAS – SNAS.				
III	Errors: lonospheric and atmospheric delays - satellite and receiver clock error - anti spoofing - selective availability - multi path - dilution of precision - Number and geometry of visible satellites - location of GNSS receiver - distance between base station and rover receiver - signal to noise ratio - occupation time at a point. Error correction methods				
IV	GNSS surveying: Standalone & DGPS - Static method, Rapid static positioning method - Reoccupation method - Stop & go method - Kinematic positioning method - Relative advantages and disadvantages of these methods - Data transfer and analysis.				
V	Applications: Surveying – navigation - aviation - vehicle tracking - military - Precision farming – Location based services.				

References	Text Books: 1. Sathees Gopi et al., Advanced Surveying: Total Station, GPS, and Remote Sopping (2nd Edition), Boorson India Education Soprings But Ltd., Noida, 2010				
	 Reference Books: 1. Hofmann – Wellenhof, Lichtenegger and Collins, GPS: Theory and Practice (5th Edition), SpringerWien, New York, 2015. 2. Alfred Et al. GPS Satellite Surveying (4th Edition), Wiley India Pyt. Ltd. 				
	 New Delhi, 2018. Michael Kennedy, 'The Global Positioning System and GIS: An Introduction', Taylor and Francis Inc. New York, 2002. Satheesh Gopi, Global Positioning System Principles and Applications. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2005. 				
	E-Resources: 1. <u>http://www.maps-gps-info.com/ed-resources.html</u> 2. <u>http://www.gisdevelopment.net/tutorials/tuman004.htm</u> 3. <u>http://www.colorado.edu/geography/gcraft/notes/gps/gps_f.html</u>				
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Understand fundamental of GNSS. CO2. Understand different GNSS satellites and systems. CO3. Analyze the errors and various correction methods CO4. Create a database on geo coordinates				
	CO5. Apply GNSS in various fields.				

	PSO				
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1
CO 4	2	2	2	1	1
CO 5	3	3	3	1	1

Semester	111	Course Code	21GISP0313		
Course Title	Geoinformatics in Resource Management				
No. of Credits	4 No. of contact hours per Week				
New Course / Revised Course	Revised CourseIf revised, Percentage of Revision effected40%				
Category	Core Course				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 				
Course Objectives	The Course aims toapply various tools of Geoinformatics in recourse management.				
UNIT	Content No. of H				
I	Soil – importance – problems - soil erosion estimation using RUSLE. Land Classification System – FAO - USDA- land capability assessment – Land use / Land cover classification. Land use planning: Rural and urban - Land Reclamation – Land Information System.				
II	Introduction – Water Conservation - water quality monitoring - Ground water investigation - artificial recharge zone identification – surface water harvesting structure - flood prediction model - sedimentation evaluation - watershed approach for natural resource management – runoff and hydrological modeling.				
III	Agriculture: Spectral properties of crops - crop canopy - identification & inventory - Yield modeling - crop production forecasting - crop condition assessment and monitoring - Microwave RS for crop inventory & case studies - Precision farming. Forestry: Forest taxonomy - inventory of forestlands - forest types and density mapping - Forest stock mapping - factors for degradation of forest - Forest change detection and monitoring - Forest fire mapping & damage assessment - LiDAR remote sensing for Forest studies.				
IV	Infra structure demand analysis - Transportation planning – mapping transportation - network – classification - Transportation				

	interaction models – intelligent transportation systems – optimum route – traffic and parking studies - accident analysis. Water utility - electrical utility - telecommunication – tower spotting – Sitting a new facility - customer loyalty studies - health information system - Solid and liquid waste management - Crime Analysis: mapping crime data - hot spot analysis.					
V	Environmental types and components – Pollution: Air – Water – Soil and Noise – Environmental Impact Assessment - Environmental Information System - Environmental and ecological concerns – resource development in remote areas - impacts of anthropogenic activities Oceanography: Major issues/problem – wetland classification - Thematic maps on coastal resources – site suitability analysis for aquaculture – Fishery – coral reef – Coastal Regulation zone – Coastal aquifer modeling – Integrated coastal Zone Management.	9				
References	Text Books:					
	 Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, George Joseph. Universities Pre Pvt Ltd, 3-5-819 Hyderguda, Hyderabad 500 029. 2003. 433 pp. 	ss (India)				
	 Reference Books: 1. Nitish Dogra, Sangeet Srivastava, Climate Change and Disease E India, The Energy and resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, 2012 2. Narayan Singh and Amit Kumar Thakur, Climate Change and En Issues, The Energy and resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, 2013 3. Joshi PK and Singh TP., Geoinformatics for Climate Change S Energy and resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, 2013. 4. Alan L., MD Melnick, Introduction to Geographic Information System Health, Aspen Publishers, 1st Edition, 2002. 5. Amim Hammad, Hassan karimi, Telegeoinformatics: Loc Computing and Services, CRC Press, 1st Edication, 2004 6. Allah Brimicomber, GIS Environmental Modeling and Engineering, Francis, 2003 7. Van Dijk M.G.Bos, GIS and Remote Sensing Techniques in Land- Management, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2001. 8. Juliana Maantay, John Ziegler and John Pickles, GIS for Environment, ESRI Press, 2006. 9. Laura Lang, GIS for Health Organizations, ESRI Press, 2000. 10. Lisa Godin, GIS in Telecommunications Managements, ESRI Edition, 2001. 	Oynamics in vironmental 8. tudies, The s for Public ation-based , Taylor and And-Water- the Urban Press, 1st				
	1. <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/geostatistical-and-geospatial-approaches-</u> <u>characterization-of-natural-resources-in-the-environment-challenges</u> <u>and-strategies-d175603772.html</u>	for-the- -processes-				
	 https://www.isprs.org/proceedings/xxxv/congress/comm7/papers/83. https://www.zef.de/fileadmin/user_upload/ApplicationsofRemoteSen NaturalResourceManagement.pdf https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/39604/3/MGY-001-E-E 	. <u>pdt</u> singandGISin 34.pdf				
	 5. <u>https://www.esds.co.in/blog/gis-applications-in-utility-sector/</u> 6. <u>https://www.researchgate.net/publication/329963373_Application_of</u> 	_GIS_in_Plan				
	ning_of_Facilitate_Infrastructure					
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	7. https://www.esri.com/content/dam/esrisites/sitecore-					
	archive/Files/Pdfs/library/brochures/pdfs/transportation-infrastructure.pdf					
	8. https://www.pdfdrive.com/landscape-analysis-and-visualisation-spatial-models-					
	for-natural-resource-management-and-planning-lecture-notes-in-geoinformation-					
	and-cartography-d184489152.html					
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do					
	CO1. Apply Geoinformatics in Land resource management.					
	CO2. Apply Geoinformatics in Water Resources Management.					
	CO3. Apply Geoinformatics in Agriculture and Forestry.					
	CO4. Apply Geoinformatics in Utility management.					
	CO5. Apply Geoinformatics in Environmental and Oceanography.					

	PSO					
co	1	2	3	4	5	
CO 1	3	3	3	2	2	
CO 2	3	3	3	2	2	
CO 3	3	3	3	2	2	
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2	
CO 5	3	3	3	2	2	

Semester	III	Course Code	21GI	SP0314		
Course Title	Geoinformatics in Disaster Management					
No. of Credits	3	No. of contact hours per Week		3		
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	3	0%		
Category	Core Course					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 					
Course Objectives	The Course aims toapply various tools of	Geoinformatics in disaster manage	ement.			
UNIT	Content No. of Hours					
I	Types of disaster – Natural: - Tsunami-Cyclones – Floods Man-Made Disasters: Nucl Biological - Deforestation Concepts.	Earthquakes – Landslides - Volca s - Drought - Forest Fire ear Disasters - Chemical Disaste - Accidents - Disaster Manager	nism ers - ment	9		
II	Vulnerability – Hazard – Mapping, Management ar Technology.	Risk Assessment - Natural Disand mitigation using Geoinform	aster atics	10		
III	Disaster Management: Prevention - Preparedness and Mitigation - Damage assessment - Land use planning and regulation for sustainable development. Pre-disaster and post disaster planning for relief operations - Development of Disaster management plan					
IV	Disaster Response: Disaste Participation and Activation Logistics Management - Trau and Panic Management.	r Response Plan – Communicati of Emergency Preparedness Pl uma and Stress Management - Rui	on - an - mour	10		
V	Emergency Support Functio Resource & Material Manage Rehabilitation, Reconstructio & decision making tools. App planning.	ns and their coordination mechar ement. Management of Relief Camp n and Recovery - Information sys lication of UAV in pre and post disa	iism. D. tems aster	9		

References	Text Books:
	1. Parag Diwan, A Manual on Disaster Management, Pentagon Earth, New Delhi,
	2010.
	2. Brian Romaszewski, Geographical Information Systems (GIS) for Disaster
	Management, CRC Press, New York, 2019.
	(India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
	Reference Books:
	 Sisizlatanova & Andrea Fabbrijonathanli, Geometrics solutions for Disaster management, Springer Verlag, 2007.
	 C.EmdadHaque, Mitigation of natural Hazards & disasters, Klwuer Academic publishers group, 2005.
	 Linda C. Bottersll & ponald A.wilhite, From Disaster response to Risk management, Klwuer Acadamic publishers group. 2005.
	4. Gerard Blokdijk, Disaster recovery planning and services, Gennaio
	publishers, 2008. 5. Mohamed Gad Large scale disasters : prediction,
	control and mitigation, Cambridge university press, 2008
	E-Resources:
	 <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/geoinformatics-applications-in-disaster-management-</u> nidm-d15299133 html
	2.https://www.researchgate.net/publication/345179571_Geographical_Information_
	System_GIS_for_Disaster_Management
	3.https://www.isprs.org/proceedings/XXXIII/congress/part7/1609_XXXIII-part7.pdf
	4. <u>https://www.geos.ed.ac.uk/~gisteac/gis_book_abridged/files/ch60.pdf</u>
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do
	CO1 Explain the concept of disaster and distinguish various natural and manmade disasters.
	CO2 Apply the Geoinformatics technology in Natural Disaster mapping, mitigations and management.
	CO3 Develop Disaster management plan using Geoinformatics technology.
	CO4 Plan the Emergency support system.
	CO5 Develop disaster management information system.

			PSO		
СО	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	3	2	2
CO 2	3	3	3	2	2
CO 3	3	3	3	2	2
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	2	2

Semester	III	Course Code	21GISP0315			
Course Title	Practical – V: Geoinformatics in Resources and Disaster Management					
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	4			
New Course / Revised Course	Revised	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	40%			
Category	Core Course					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses imployed to the second secon	ill parting transferable and life skills				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K 6: (Croate) 					
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to 1. collect data for preparation various thematic maps 2. generate base maps for various fields of GIS 3. assess the land and water resource management, disaster management, network and drainage analysis, environment management etc using the thematic maps 					
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours			
I	Preparation of various geo-s – land use/ land cover – gi geology – geomorphology. C DGPS. Rainfall - AQI – water quality	ystem layers: Drainage –slope - as round water level – lineament - s Collecting GCPs using total station / data.	pect oil – and 12			
II	Land resource management: Change detection in various land use/ land cover types and cross tabulation - soil erosion estimation - 10 Village GIS - urban sprawl.					
	Water resource manage Morphometric Analysis: Area site for ground water pote identification of suitable si structures - water quality ass	ement: Watershed delineatior al – Linear – Relief aspects - loc ential and artificial recharge zor te for constructing water harve essment.	ı - ating ne – 15 sting			
IV	Agriculture: Spectral prop identification & inventory. Forestry: Forest types and detection and monitoring. Disaster management: flood	erties of crops - crop canop d density mapping - Forest cha – landslide – drought assessment.	y - ange 15			

V	Infrastructural demand analysis - Environmental management: Climate change – land surface temperature – sea level rise– air pollution monitoring.	12
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do	
	CO1. Preparation of thematic maps.	
	CO2. Use various thematic maps for Land Resource Management.	
	CO3. Use various thematic maps for Water Resources Management.	
	CO4. Use various thematic maps for Agriculture, Forestry of Disaster	Management
	CO5. Apply the tools of GIS in various ways for different applications.	

		PSO			
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	3	1	3
CO 2	3	3	3	1	3
CO 3	3	3	3	1	3
CO 4	3	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	2	1	3	2

Semester		Course Code	21GISP0316		
Course Title	Practical-VI: Case S	Study in GIS / Remote Sensing	/ WebGIS		
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	4		
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	20%		
Category	Project				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses implicitly 	ill parting transferable and life skills			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 				
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to Apply knowledge of Geoinformatics technologies in real world spatial problems and create/ develop models. 				
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours		
	 Identification of an issue in Collecting of existing works issues. Collecting primary and se GNSS, field visit etc). Analyzing the collected Processing, GIS, Geoinforn Identifying the solution. Suggesting management/n Report writing. 	consultation with internal guide. s/ resources/ literatures on the ider econdary information (remote ser d data/ information (Digital I matics software development etc). mitigation plan.	ntified nsing, mage 60		
Remarks	 The size of the case stud which is not inclusive of sc The case study should be form (pdf / crystal reports). 	dy may be between 50 and 70 p ripts and other appendices submitted both in print form and dig	ages, ital		
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, CO1. Apply the tools of GI in solving spatial probl	students should be able to do S, DIP. Customization of softwar ems.	e and WebGIS		

<u>SEMESTER - 4</u> Second Year

Semester	IV	Course Code	21GISP0417			
Course Title	Dissertation					
No. of Credits	6	No. of contact hours per Week	12			
New Course / Revised Course	-	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	-			
Category	Core Course					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses implication Field Placement / Field Placement / Field Placement 	ill parting transferable and life skills roject				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 					
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to Implement the above in real world scenario 	learned technologies for solving sp	patial related issues			
		Content	No. of Hours			
	 Identification of a problem in consultation with internal guide 180 Executing the work as per the instructions of both internal and external guide while incorporating any of the following activities or combination of activities GIS implementation and application Remote Sensing and Digital Image Processing application GNSS application Photogrammetry application LiDAR application UAV application Designing of GIS Map server design Development of Spatial model Development Geoinformatics software or such other related topics, which will give focus to Geoinformatics implementation 					
Remarks	 The size of the dissertatic which is not inclusive of sc The dissertation should be form (pdf / crystal reports). 	on may be between 50 and 70 pa ripts and other appendices submitted both in print form and di	ges, gital			

Semester	IV	Course Code	21GISP0418		
Course Title		Internship			
No. of Credits	12	No. of contact hours per Week	24		
New Course / Revised Course		If revised, Percentage of Revision effected			
Category	Industrial PlacementInternship				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills Field Placement / Field Project Internabia 				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K 6: (Croote) 				
Course Objectives	The Course aims to provide working expe 	rience in an organization, institution	n, companies etc.		
	Content No. of Hours				
	 Carry out on-site internship programme in any one of the government organizations, academic & research institutes, public & private industries etc. working/applying Geoinformatics technologies It demands submission of fortnight reports on learning process and execution of desired objectives. 				
Remarks	The internship is eva reports and viva voce	aluated internally by the content	the		

Elective – Discipline Centric

Semester	III	Course Code	210	GISP03D1		
Course Title	Earth, Atmospheric, Ocean and Planetary Sciences					
No. of Credits	3	No. of contact hours per Week		3		
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected				
Category	Major Elective					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Value-Added Courses implementation 	ill parting transferable and life skills				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-1: (Remember) K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) 					
Course Objectives	The Course aims to Provide important concepts of basic geosciences 					
UNIT		Content		No. of Hours		
I	Mineralogy and petrology – structural geology and geotectonic – paleontology and its applications – sediment logy and stratigraphy – marine geology and pale oceanography – geochemistry – economic geology - Precambrian geology and crustal evolution – quaternary geology – applied geology					
II	Physical Geography: geomorphology – climatology – bio-geography – 9					
III	Geophysics: Signal Processing – field theory – numerical analysis and inversion – gravity and magnetic fields of the earth – palte tectonics and geodynamics – seismology elastic theory – gravity and magnetic methods – electrical and electromagnetic methods – seismic methods					
IV	Meteorology: Climatology – physical meteorology – atmospheric electricity – cloud physics – dynamic meteorology – numerical weather prediction – general circulation and climate modeling – synoptic meteorology – aviation meteorology – satellite meteorology					
V	Ocean science: Physical ocea geological oceanography – bio Terrestrial Planets: Geology earth, mars, venus and mer mineralogy and petrology of the	anography – chemical oceanogra logical oceanography. and geophysics of terrestrial pla cury; physical properties, compo e planets and the Moon	phy – anets: sition,	10		
References	 Text Books: Dr. Surendra Kumar & RP Atmospheric, Ocean and F 2021, Ramesh Publishing 	H Editorial Board, Joint CSIR-UGC Planetary Sciences Exam Guide (P House, New Delhi.	C (NET) art B &	Earth, C), January		

	Reference Books:
	1. Mahapatra. G.B., A Textbook of Geology, CBS publisher, 2019.
	 Huggett, Fundamentals of Geomorphology, Taylor and Francis, 2016 W.M. Telford, Exclusive with Professional Books (Hyd) Applied Geophysics South Asian Edition, 2010
	4. Willis Isbister Milham, Meteorology, Andesite Press, 2015
	5. Savindra Singh, Oceanography, Pravalika Publications, 2013
	E-Resources:
	 Carl Willhelm Correns, Introduction to Crystallography and Petrology 2nd Edition, <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/introduction-to-mineralogy-crystallography-</u> and-petrology-d169738500.html
	 Richard C. Selley, Robin Cocks and Ian Plimer, Encyclopedia of Geology, Five Volume Set, Volume 1-5 (Encyclopedia of Geology Series), <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/encyclopedia-of-geology-five-volume-set-volume-1-</u> 5 operglopedia of geology series d184350405 html
	 Alan H. Strahler, Introducing Physical Geography, 6th edition, <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/introducing-physical-geography-6th-edition-</u> d188301758.html
	 William Lowrie, Fundamentals of Geophysics, 2nd Edition, <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/fundamentals-of-geophysics-second-edition-</u> e38471798.html
	 Geology, Mining, Climatology, Meteorology, Sediment logy, Earth Science, Oceanography, <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/geology-mining-climatology-</u> meteorology-sediment-logy-earth-science-oceanography-e40744251.html
	 Robert H Stewart, Introduction to Physical Oceanography, https://www.pdfdrive.com/introduction-to-physical-oceanography- e33277726.html
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to
	CO1 Explain the mineralogy petrology
	CO2. Understand physical geography.
	CO3. Understand the concept of geophysics.
	CO4. Explain the concept of meteorology.
	CO5. Explain the concept of oceanography.

со	PSO					
	1	2	3	4	5	
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1	
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1	
CO 3	2	2	2	1	1	
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2	
CO 5	2	2	1	1	2	

Semester	III	Course Code	21GISP03D2			
Course Title	Geoinformatics for Watershed Management					
No. of Credits	3	No. of contact hours per Week	3			
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	60%			
Category	Major Elective					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Value-Added Courses implementation 	ill parting transferable and life skills				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) 					
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to introduce watershed management and watershed characteristics acquire knowledge on use of GIS and Remote Sensing in watershed management 					
UNIT	Content No. of Hours					
I	Watershed – definition – Watershed delineation and codification – watershed approach – advantages – watershed as a unit of planning - causes and consequences for watershed deterioration - Watershed management – principles and components of watershed management – approaches to watershed development 9					
II	Physical characteristics: Geomorphology – Topography – Hydrography - Concentration time – Isochrones. Morphometric analysis: Linear aspect – Areal aspect – Relief					
III	GIS data sources & data structures - Watershed delineation – 10					
IV	Watershed characterization and assessment – management planning – watershed restoration – resource mapping – 10 identification of erosion prone zones – modeling sediment vield.					
V	Monitoring & Evaluation: De area under biomass – various Purpose – types of evalua understanding community evaluation.	pth of water table – cropping patters s Land use/ land cover – water bod ation – factors affecting evaluation participation – PRA methods	ern – ly. on – 10 s of			

References	Text Books:
	 N.D. Mani, Watershed Management: Principles, Parameters and Programmes, Dominant Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2005
	 Reference Books: Paul A.DeBarry, PE,PH,APSS, "Watersheds Process, Assessment and Management", Wiley Student Edition, New Jersy, 2004 Srivastava, O.N. and Y.V. Rao, "Impact of Integrated Wasteland Development Programme (IWDP) - A Study in Uttar Pradesh, National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad, 2001. Raj Vir Singh, "Watershed Planning and Management", Yash Publishing House, Bikaner, 2001. E.M. Tideman, "Watershed Management guidelines for Indian Conditions", Omega Scientific Publisher, New Delhi, 2006 J.V.S.Murty, "Watershed Management", New Age International, New Delhi, 2007
	 E-Resources: 1. Watershed Management by Dr. T.I. Eldho, Department of Civil Engineering, IIT Bombay. For more details on NPTEL visit http://nptel.ac.in 2. Amel Moustafa Azab, Integrating GIS, Remote Sensing, and Mathematical Modeling for Surface Water Quality Management, 2012, https://www.pdfdrive.com/integrating-gis-remote-sensing-and-mathematical- modelling-for-surface-water-quality-management-in-irrigated-watersheds- unesco-ihe-phd-thesis-e165584308.html 3. Land Stewardship in the 21st Century: The Contributions of Watershed Management, https://www.pdfdrive.net/land-stewardship-in-the-21st-century- the-contributions-of-watershed-management-e36318879.html
Course Outcomes	 On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Discuss the approaches and components of watershed management. CO2. Explain the watershed characteristics. CO3. Apply the tools of GIS in watershed management CO4. Apply remote sensing technology in watershed management CO5. Monitor and evaluate the watershed program using the tools of PRA and Geoinformatics.

	PSO				
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	3	2	2	2
CO 2	2	3	2	1	2
CO 3	2	3	2	1	2
CO 4	2	3	2	2	2
CO 5	2	3	2	2	2

Semester	111	Course Code	21GISP03D3			
Course Title	Web Technology for Geoinformatics					
No. of Credits	3 No. of contact hours per Week					
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	80%			
Category	Major Elective					
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses implicit to the second secon	ill parting transferable and life skills				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-6: (Create) 					
Course Objectives	The Course aims to provides the basic kn Geoinformatics	owledge about the Internet & Web	Technology for			
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours			
I	Basic principles involved in developing web site - Planning process - Five Golden rules of web designing - Designing navigation bar - Page design - Home Page Layout - Design Concept - Basics in Web Design - Brief History of Internet - World Wide Web - Why create a web site - Web Standards - Audience requirement.Introduction to HTML - What is HTML - HTML Documents - Basic structure of an HTML document - Creating an HTML document - Mark up Tags - Heading Paragraphs - Line Breaks - HTML Tags - Elements of HTML - Introduction to elements of HTML - Working with Text - Working with Lists, Tables and Frames - Working with Hyperlinks, Images and Multimedia - Working with Forms and					
I	Introduction to Cascading Creating Style Sheet - CSS Text Format, Controlling For objects - Working with Lists Model (Introduction, Border properties) - CSS Advan Positioning, Floating, Align, Sprites, Attribute sector) - C Site Designs - Web Publishin Introduction to Client Side - Javascript Types - Variable	g Style Sheets - Concept of CS Properties - CSS Styling(Backgro hts) - Working with block elements and Tables - CSS Id and Class - properties, Padding Properties, Ma ced (Grouping, Dimension, Dis Pseudo class, Navigation Bar, In CSS Color - Creating page Layout ng or Hosting. Scripting - Introduction to Java S es - Operators - Conditions Statem	SS - Jund, and Box argin play, 9 nage and Script hents			

	 Loops - Popup Boxes - Events - Working with Arrays - Objects - Functions - Using Java Script in Realtime - Validation of Forms - Related Examples 	
III	Java Script API for ARCGIS - Overview - Key Features - Create Map - Data - Search – Routing -Core Concepts - Visualization - Building UI - Developing Tools.	10
IV	Server-Side Scripting using Python - Introduction- CGI - Running Serverside examples - Climbing CGI Learning - Saving State Information - HTML and URL Escapes - Transferring Files to client and server.	10
V	DjangoOverviewRequest and ResponseModels and adminsiteview and TemplatesForms and generic viewsStatic Files.FlaskOverviewProject LayoutApplication SetupDefine andaccessDatabase-HandlingApplication Errors-ApplicationErrors-Deploy to ProductionWebGISSystem and Architecture-Techniques and Applications.	10
References	 Text Books: Laura Lemay et al., Mastering HTML, CSS & JavaScript Web BPB Publications, New Delhi, 2019. Mike McGrath, JavaScript: Create functions for the web (McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2016. Programming Python, Edition 2 Mark Lutz, ORelilly publisher (Scripting 15th Chapter) 	Publishing, 5 th Edition), Server Side
	 Jon Raasch et al., Java Script and JQuery for Data Ar Visualization, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2015. Dane Cameron, HTML5, JavaScript and jQuery, Wiley India Pv Delhi, 2015. 	nalysis and /t. Ltd., New
	 E-Resources: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105084/ https://developers.arcgis.com/javascript/latest/ https://www.djangoproject.com/start/overview/ https://flask.palletsprojects.com/en/2.0.x/# 	
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to CO 1. Understand the basics of websites and HTML CO 2. Understand basics of cascading style sheets CO 3. Understand the basic concepts on Javascript API for ArcGIS CO 4: Understand Server Side Scripting CO 5. Understand Django and Flask	

• •			PSO		
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	3	3	2	3
CO 2	1	3	2	3	2
CO 3	2	3	3	2	1
CO 4	3	2	1	3	3
CO 5	2	1	3	2	3

Semester	111	Course Code	210	SISP03D4	
Course Title	Google Earth E	ngine for Remote Sensing App	lication	5	
No. of Credits	3 No. of contact hours per Week 3				
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected		-	
Category	Major Elective				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Skil Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses imp 	I arting transferable and life skills			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 				
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to Explore the students to Google Earth Engine and its application in Remote sensing 				
UNIT	Content No. of Ho				
I	Google Earth Engine for Remote Sensing Applications Introduction to Google Earth Engine platform - advance JavaScript for Google Earth Engine - Download satellite data (Landsat and Sentinel) - Apply image processing in downloaded data - import and export spatial data (Vector and Raster) - analysis geospatial data cloud - Spectral indices - maximul composites on big data on cloud- image classification land cover mapping basics in earth engine				
II	Introduction to Google Earth Engine - Sign up for Google Earth Engine - Interface of Google Earth Engine: Code Editor & Explorer - Short Introduction to Spatial and satellite data - Types of spatial data: vector and raster data - Introduction to raster data (satellite images) Difference between sensors and platforms- Introduction to Landstat Program of NASA - Introduction to Sentinel Program of ESA - Using cloud platform for spectral indices & land cover analysis Getting started with Javascript and geospatial analysis in Google Earth Engine - Overview of datasets in Earth Engine				
	JavaScript: Introduction to Collection landsat - Workin visualization - Image visualizat Image Calculation and Map f image data: Landsat - Image C reate a composite and ca	JavaScript - Mapping and Reng with image collections and tion. Ing with image collections and Ution. Inctions in Earth Engine - Introduce Calculations - Single Image Calculate ADVI - Zonal Statistics in	educing image ction to ations - n Earth	9	

	Engine - Maximum NDVI - image collection Landsat and NDVI - change default names for output image collection	
IV	Importing and exporting data- Introduction export image data - Importing ratser and vector files into Google Earth Engine - Image mosaicking, clipping, reprojecting and exporting as tiff to Drive - Geospatial Analysis in Google Earth Engine - spatial data and remote sensing images - Drought Monitoring - Image preprocessing Cloud masking of Sentinel 2 images - Normalized Difference Water Index for flood monitoring - Flood Mapping with Sentinel-2 and NDWI - Project - Flood Mapping. Introduction to LU/LC Classification - Machine Learning - overview Land use land cover mapping - Supervised classification with Google Earth Engine - Unsupervised Image Classification and Image Compositing - Supervised land use mapping with Google Earth Engine and Random Forest - Image Classification .	10
V	Global Forest Cover Change - Map of Life - Global Forest Watch - Tiger Habitat Monitoring - Malraia Risk Mapping - Collect Earth - Global Surface Water - Remote Sensing for Land cover mapping using Google Earth Engine - Learn to apply land use land cover classification using satellite data Land use land cover change detection analysis - Perform accuracy assessment of land use classifications - Download, and process satellite images - Learn digital image processing - Digitize reference training data - Understand satellite image bands and spectral indices - Predict new land use land cover products - Access global land use land cover products.	10
References	Text Books: 1. Spatial Analysis, GIS and Remote Sensing: Applications in the Health Sc	ciences (2000),
	 Donald P. Albert, Taylor & Francis, Year: 2000 Reference Books: Programming Google App Engine with Java, Sanderson, Dan, O'Reilly 2015 Programming Google App Engine with Python: Build and Run Scalable on Google's Infrastructure, Dan Sanderson O'Reilly Media, Year: 2015 E-Resources: https://earthengine.google.com/ 	y Media, Year: Python Apps
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Understand the concept Earth Engine and Java Script CO2. Learn about Unsupervised classification CO3. Learn about Supervised classification CO4. Understand Change Detection analysis CO5. Apply Google Earth Engine in areas of application of remote sensing	9

			PSO		
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	3	3	2	3
CO 2	1	3	2	3	2
CO 3	2	3	3	2	2
CO 4	3	2	1	3	3
CO 5	2	1	3	2	3

Modular Course

Semester	Course Code 21		21GISP00M1			
Course Title	Spatial Decision Support System					
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	2			
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of 20% Revision effected				
Category	Modular course					
Scope of the Course	Value-Added Courses im	parting transferable and life skills				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 					
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to exposes the students to decision making and concepts of spatial decision support system 					
UNIT	Content No. of Hours					
I	Introduction to Decision Making - Concept and Characteristics of Spatial Decision Support Systems (SDSS) – Architecture of SDSS - 6 Spatial Decision Support System (SDSS) and GIS					
II	Decision variables - Concep Alternatives and Constraint Decision Making	ot – Deterministic, Random - De s - Efficiency and Effectivenes	cision ss of 5			
III	Concept of Estimating Weight – Pairwise comparison metho	ts – Ranking Methods – Rating Me ds – Trade off analysis methods	thods 6			
IV	Concept and types of Multi-attribute Decision modeling – Multi objective Decision Modeling – Sensitivity Analysis.					
V	Land Suitability Analysis – Education and Health Care Resources 7					
References	Text Books: 1Ramanathan Sugumaran and Principles and Practices, CRC	John Degroote, Spatial Decision S Press, Taylor and Francis Group, I	JSA, 2011.			

	 Reference Books: 1. Bonczek, R.H., C.W. Holsapple, and A.B. Whinston, 1981, Foundations of Decision Support Systems, Academic Press, New York. 2. House, W.C. (ed.), 1983. Decision Support Systems, Petrocelli, New York. 3. Jenson, J.R. 2000, Remote Sensing of the environment – An Earth Resource Perspective, Prentice Hall Inc. 4. Malczewski, J. 1999, GIS and Multicriteria Decision Analysis, John Willey and Sons, New York. 5. Raghu Ramakrishnan, 2002, Database Management Systems, Johannes Gehrke, McGraw- Hill.
	 E-Resources: 1. Ramanathan Sugumaran and John Degroote Spatial Decision Support Systems: Principles and Practices, CRC press, http://www.gisresources.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/06/spatial-decision- support-system.pdf
Course Outcomes	 On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1 Understand the concept, architecture and frame work of SDSS. CO2 Understand the concept of decision variables. CO3 Learn about various ranking, rating and comparison methods involved in decision modeling CO4 Gain knowledge on types of decision modeling CO5 Apply the SDSS in specified areas

	PSO				
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	2
CO 2	1	1	1	1	2
CO 3	2	1	2	1	2
CO 4	1	1	2	1	2
CO 5	2	2	2	1	2

Semester		Course Code	21GISP00M2	
Course Title	Open Source Software			
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	2	
New Course / Revised Course	Revised	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	60	
Category	Modular course			
Scope of the Course	Advanced SkillSkill DevelopmentEmployability			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 			
Course Objectives	The Course aims tothe open source software available for research and development.			
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours	
I	Introduction to Open sou Applications. Open source o General Overview – Kerne Advanced Concepts.	s – on – ss – 6		
	Open source Software: GIS: Openjump – GRASS – QGIS - SagaGIS Image Processing: ILWIS, SciLab. GIS Database: PostGIS. Compilers: Python, R. Scripting Language: Java Scripting. Mark-up languages: HTML - WebODM Compare OGIS – ArcGIS – SagaGIS - Open.lump			
	Web Mapping with Open s mapping – Merits and deme web mapping – Architecture Basic web-development Ian utilities - Map Servers - Back - Spatial Data Infrastructur mapping: A Panchayat GIS v	source tool kit - Introduction to rits of web mapping - Different kind of Web GIS - Web GIS applica guage - Mapping Libraries and o end and Data base - Frontend libr e (SDI) Platforms - Project on vill be created by different groups.	Web ds of tions other 6 aries Web	
IV	Mobile GIS apps: Weather apps, Location/navigation a collect, Geo area Map, Ge	apps, Wind speed/direction, Poll pps, Data collection apps, Geo o Camera <u>-</u> ArcGIS Earth - Arc	ution data 6 cGIS	

	Collector - ArcGIS Workforce – Google Earth Engine. Mobile mapping -Fundamental of mobile mapping, application of GPS in resources surveys and mapping.			
V	GIS Customization Programming: GIS Customization - Needs of Scripting Language – Advantage of Macro Scripting – Sample Case 6 studies.			
References	Text Books: 1. Markus Neteler, Helena Mitasova, Open Source GIS: A GRASS GIS Approach, Edition, Springer 2007.			
	 Reference Books: 1. Neteler, M and H.Mitasova, Open Source GIS. A GRASS GIS Approach, Kluwer Academic Publishers, Boston, USA/London, UK, 2008. 2. Qgis: <u>https://www.packtpub.com/application-development/mastering-ggis</u> 			
	 Machtelt Garrels Introduction to Lmux beginner Guide Pride Fu, Jiulus S : WebGIS: Principle & Application, ESRI Press, 2011 			
	 E-Resources: 1. Linux Operating System: <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106144/</u> 2. Javascript: <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105084/25</u> 3. SciLab: <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/113101002/5</u> 4. R programming: <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101056/9</u> 			
Course Outcomes	 On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1: Understand the concept and protocols in Open Source Software and Describe about various open source operating system. CO2: Understand various Open Source Software. CO3: Understand and create WebGIS. CO4. Know about GIS related mobile apps. CO5: Understand Customisation of GIS. 			

	PSO				
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	2	3	2	3
CO 2	3	1	3	2	3
CO 3	1	3	2	3	2
CO 4	1	2	3	1	3
CO 5	3	3	1	2	3

Semester		Course Code	21GISP00M3		
Course Title	LiDAR and its Applications				
No. of Credits	2 No. of contact hours per Week 2				
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	Revised Course If revised, Percentage of 20%			
Category	Modular course				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses implicit to the second secon	ill parting transferable and life skills			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 				
Course Objectives	The Course aims to explores the open solution 	urce software available for research	n and development.		
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours		
I	LASER, LiDAR – Principle system – Applications – Ad borne and airborne LiDAR LiDAR system.	DAR bace of a 6			
II	Principle of Laser Altimetry – Components of the system – GNSS, IMU, LASER, LiDAR data formats – Terrain Mapping Laser Configuration – Ocean bathymetry Laser Configuration - Limitations of the system				
III	GNSS and IMU data processing – Strip Adjustment – Geometric Correction – Data quality enhancement – Digital Surface Model – 6 Filtering – Ground Point Filtering – Digital Elevation Model.				
IV	Hydrology, Disaster Mitigation and Management – 3D city models – Telecommunication 6				
V	Modeling – Urban planning – Coastal Zone Bathymetry Mapping –Feature extraction, vectorisation – Surface and land useclassification. Orthophoto rectification using LiDAR – IntegratedLiDAR and Digital Photogrammetry Techniques – Integration ofLiDAR DEM with other hyper spectral data.				
References	Text Books				

	1. Altimetry- Principles and Applications- Mathias Lemmens, CRC Press.				
	 Reference Books 1. Digital Photogrammetry - Yves Egels and Michel Kasser, CRC Press. 2. Laser Manual of Aerial Survey, Primary Data Acquisition- Roger Read and Ror Graham 3. Digital Terrain Modeling: Principles and Methodology- Zhilin Li Qing Zhu Christopher Gold, CRC Press. 				
	 E-Resources 1. Pinliang Dong & Qi Chen, LiDAR Remote Sensing and Applications, 2018, CRC Press, https://www.pdfdrive.com/lidar-remote-sensing-and-applications-d158479644.html 2. Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) Technology Evaluation, https://www.pdfdrive.com/light-detection-and-ranging-lidar-technology-evaluation-d26826416.html 3. Lidar 101: An Introduction to Lidar Technology, Data, and Applications, https://www.pdfdrive.com/lidar-101-an-introduction-to-lidar-technology-data-and-d17380303.html 				
Course Outcomes	 On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Understand the concept and protocols in Open Source Software. CO2. Describe about various open source operating system. CO3. Summarise functions of Geo apps. CO4. Understand the web mapping and web servers. CO5. Work on sample case studies using open source software. 				

			PSO		
CO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	2	2	2	1	1
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	2	2

Semester		Course Code	21GISP00M4				
Course Title	Drone Image Processing						
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	2				
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected					
Category	Modular course						
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill					
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-6: (Create) 						
Course Objectives	The Course aims to Explain the concept of 	of Drone image processing					
UNIT		Content	No. of Hours				
l	UAV/Drone Image Processi Triangulation, Orthophoto, 3 Model and Contour. Comprehensive workflow to save time during image proce The basic theory behind Hardware/Software Reguiren	erial /lesh : will 6 and					
II	UAV/Image pre processing step that involves Geotagging, Remove Geotagging, Point Shape File Creation, Rename the images using ExifTOOL and QGIS. 6 UAV/Drone Image Processing Platforms such as Desktop, Cloud, Network Processing and Batch Processing						
III	Stereo Satellite Image Processing. Working with Ortho photo, Color correction, Seam line editing, 3D point Cloud classification, Conventional Ortho generation and Contour generation.						
IV	Processing Oblique and Nac Generation. Volume Calculation and Eart 360° panorama generation for	lir Images for High Accurate 3D N hworks for Civil or Mining Engineer or UAV/Drone Spherical Images	odel				
V	Processing RTK/PPK images and their image acquisition theory Export Aerial Triangulation Result as Stereo Setup for Stereo Compilation.				Processing RTK/PPK images and their image acquisition theory Export Aerial Triangulation Result as Stereo Setup for Stereo Compilation.		ereo 6

	Accuracy Assessment Method (Relative, Absolute and Survey Grade) for UAV/Drone data product.				
References	Text Books (with chapter number & page number, wherever needed):				
	 Amy E. Frazier, Kunwar K. Singh, Fundamentals of Capturing and Processing Drone Imagery and Data, CRC Press, 2021, ISBN 9780367245726. 				
	 Reference Books: John R. Jensen, Drone Aerial Photography and Videography: Data Collection and Image Interpretation, 2018. Felipe Gonzalez Toro and Antonios Tsourdos, Mdpi AG, UAV-Based Remote Sensing: Volume 2, 2018 				
	E-Resources (URLs of e-books / YouTube videos / online learning resources, etc.) 1. Felipe Gonzalez Toro & Antonios Tsourdos, UAV or Drones for Remote Sensing				
	Applications, <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/uav-or-drones-for-remote-sensing-applications-</u> e176213164.html				
	 Henri Eisenbeiss, UAV Photogrammetry, <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/uav-photogrammetry-e33411397.html</u> 				
	3. Pablo Zaroo-Tejada, High resolution hyperspectral and thermal remote sensing from UAV, https://www.pdfdrive.com/high-resolution-hyperspectral-and-thermal-remote-				
	sensing-from-uav-e14457225.html				
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do				
	CO1 Understand data generation using Drone.				
	CO2 Understand the pre processing steps and platforms for drone image processing.				
	CO3 Explain the concept of stereo satellite image processing.				
	CO4 Apply the UAV in 3D model, civil engineering etc				
	UDD Uneck and export the output.				

00/70			PSO		
CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	3	3	3	2
CO 2	2	3	3	1	2
CO 3	3	2	3	1	2
CO 4	2	3	3	1	2
CO 5	2	3	3	2	2

Value Added Courses

Semester	II	Course Code	21GISP2VA1		
Course Title	Advanced Surveying				
No. of Credits	2 No. of contact hours per Week 2				
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	-		
Category	Value added course				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 				
Course Objectives	The Course aims to Introduces the advan 	ce tool of surveying viz., total stat	tion, DGPS, UAV		
UNIT		Content	No. of Hou		
	Introduction to Total Station: Principle and Function. REM, RDM, Use of Total station for data processing and analysis.				
II	Introduction to Differential GPS (DGPS): Principle and Function. Duel and Single Frequency DGPS, RTK and Static Surveys in DGPS, Use of DGPS in Topographical Survey.				
III	Introduction to Unmanned Ae Aerial Vehicle): Principle and F	erial Systems (UAS), UAV (Unr unctions, Drone survey.	manned 6		
IV	Total station Survey and data instrument at base station and	a processing. Area selection, s collecting points using reflector.	setup of 6		
V	DGPS setting of Instruments at base and rover. DGPS Survey and Data Processing. Generation of digital elevation model (DEM) 6				
References	 Text Books: 1. Sathees Gopi et al., Advanced Surveying: Total Station, GPS, and Remote Sensing (2nd Edition), Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd., Noida, 2019. 				
	Reference Books: 1. Hofmann – Wellenho Practice (5 th Edition), S 2. Alfred Et al., GPS Sa New Delhi, 2018.	of, Lichtenegger and Collins, SpringerWien, New York, 2015. tellite Surveying (4 th Edition), W	GPS: Theory and /iley India Pvt. Ltd.,		

	 Michael Kennedy, 'The Global Positioning System and GIS: An Introduction', Taylor and Francis Inc. New York, 2002. Satheesh Gopi, Global Positioning System Principles and Applications. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2005.
	E-Resources: <u>http://www.maps-gps-info.com/ed-resources.html</u> <u>http://www.gisdevelopment.net/tutorials/tuman004.htm</u> <u>http://www.colorado.edu/geography/gcraft/notes/gps/gps_f.html</u>
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Understand the concept about total station. CO2. Understand the concept of DGPS and its working principle. CO3. Understand the technology of UAV CO4. Process the data derived from total station. CO5. Process DGPS surveying and its data.

СО	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 2	2	2	1	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	1	1
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	3

Semester	II Course Code		21GISP2VA2		
Course Title	Planetary Remote Sensing				
No. of Credits	2 No. of contact hours per Week 2				
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	New Course If revised, Percentage of Revision effected			
Category	Value added course				
Scope of the Course	 Basic Skill / Advanced Sk Skill Development Employability 	ill			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 				
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to introduce the technology of remote sensing in planetary science. 				
UNIT	Content No. of He				
I	Universe and Solar System: Origin of Universe - Big Bang and Steady state theories, Solar System - planets, satellites asteroids, 6 meteorites and comets and internal differentiation of the planets.				
II	Terrestrial Planets: Geology and geophysics of terrestrial planets:earth, mars, venus and mercury; physical properties, composition,mineralogy and petrology of the planets and the Moon				
III	Planetary Atmosphere: Exo- and Endogenic processes associated with origin and internal evolution of planets – planetary volcanism, craters, elemental composition; mineralogy and petrology; thermal, seismic and magnetic properties				
IV	Remote Sensing for Planetary Geology: Approaches to Remote Sensing analysis of the planetary surfaces; applications derived from interaction of electromagnetic radiation (X-ray, gamma-ray, visible, near-IR, mid-IR, radar).				
V	Planetary Exploration Missions: Past, present and future missions - Analyses and Interpretation of data gathered through various missions: 6 identification of morphological features				
References	Text Books: 1. Bo Wu, Kaichang Di, J Sensing and Mapping, C	ürgen Oberst, Irina Karachevtsev RC Press, 2018	va, Plane	etary Remote	
	Reference Books: 1. Shuanggen Jin , Planeta	ry Geodesy and Remote Sensing, C	CRC Pres	ss, 2015	

	 E-Resources: 2. Introduction to Planetary Geomorphology, <u>https://www.pdfdrive.com/introduction-to-planetary-geomorphology-e166013877.html</u> 3. Planetary Remote Sensing and Mapping, https://www.pdfdrive.com/planetary-remote-sensing-and-mapping-e190135569.html
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Understand the basic information about to universe and solar system. CO2. Understand the concept of terrestrial planets CO3. Understand the planetary atmosphere CO4. Apply remote sensing for planetary geology CO5. Apply remote sensing in planetary exploration missions.

СО	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	3	1	1
CO 2	2	2	1	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	1	1
CO 4	3	3	1	2	2
CO 5	2	3	2	1	3

Semester	II	Course Code	21G	ISP2VA3	
Course Title	Satellite Meteorology				
No. of Credits	3 No. of contact hours per Week 3				
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course If revised, Percentage of Revision effected 20%				
Category	Value added course				
Scope of the Course	Basic Skill / Advanced Skill				
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-1: (Remember) K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) 				
Course Objectives (Maximum: 5)	 introduce the technology 	gies of remote sensing in meteo	rology		
UNIT	Content No. of Hours				
I	Basics – Concepts in Satellite Meteorology – Conventional Direct 6 Measurements – Indirect Methods and Remote Sensing				
I	Weather Satellites and Sensing Systems – Orbit Types and Altitudes – View 6 Angle and Implications – INSAT and KALPANA – TRMM and GPM and others – American and European Missions, availability of data and derived data sets.				
III	Data Records and Applications – Active and Passive Sensor Data – Microwave Sensors and Applications – Altitude. Wind. Temperature and Wave Measurements and Sensors – AWS Global Network in Measurements.				
IV	Meteorological Applications – Oceanographic Applications – Weather Forecasting – Aviation Meteorology – Agriculture and Irrigation Management – Meteorology in Transportation Industry – Business and Trade Application				
V	Management and Monitoring : Satellite Meteorology in Welfare Management – Cyclone Warning Systems – World Precipitation and Warming – Sea level Monitoring – Ice and Snow – Flood and Storm Surge Warning Systems – Storms – Wild Fires and Volcanic Ash				
References	Text Books: 1. R R Kelkar, Satellite Meteor	ology, 2 nd Edition, BS Publications	,2017		
	Reference Book: 1. Text book on Satellite Meteor https://metnet.imd.gov.in/imo Satellite%20Meteorology.pd	prology, detp/lecture_notes/course10/LN_10 lf)_55_Lect	ure%20on%20	

	E.Resources: 1. Remote Sensing Applications with Meteorological Satellites, <u>https://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/rss/brienza/source/AppMetSat12.pdf</u> 2. Satellite Meteorology, http://iprc.soest.hawaii.edu/users/yqwang/EOLSS_satellite.pdf
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to CO 1. Understand the basic concept of satellite meteorology CO 2. Understand different types of weather satellites and sensors CO 3. Understand data records and applications. CO 4 Apply satellite data in different fields CO 5. Apply the technology in management and monitoring.

СО	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	1	2	3	1
CO 2	2	2	1	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	1	1
CO 4	3	1	1	2	2
CO 5	2	3	2	1	3

Semester	I	Course Code	21GISP2VA4		
Course Title	Land Use/ Land Cover Mapping using Google Earth Engine				
No. of Credits	2 No. of contact hours per Week				
New Course / Revised Course	New Course If revised, Percentage of - Revision effected				
Category	Value added course				
Scope of the Course	Value-Added Courses imp	parting transferable and life skills			
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	 K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 				
Course Objectives	 The Course aims to exposes the students to know about Earth engine and its applications. 				
UNIT	Content No. of Hou				
I	Introduction to Earth Engine - Exp JavaScript code Editior - JavaScri	lore Earth Engine - Sign Up with Eartl pt Syntax - Code Editior	n engine. 6		
II	Unsupervised Classification - Clus Supervised Classification with Classification with Landsat - Confi	Jnsupervised Classification - Clustering - Training Reference Data Supervised Classification with Landsat - Processing Landsat Data - 6 Classification with Landsat - Confusion Matrix			
III	Supervised classification with Sentinel - Processing Sentinel Data - Classification with sentinel - Confusion matrix Supervised Classification with MODIS - Processing MODIS Data - Classification with MODIS - Confusion Matrix				
IV	Change Detection Analysis - Water Change Analysis - Forest Change Analysis - Assignment: Water Change Analysis				
V	Global Land Cover Products - Globe Cover - NLCD Land Cover Case Study. 6				
References	 Text Books: 1. Google Earth Engine Applications, Lalit Kumar and Onisimo Mutanga, MDPI publications 				
	Reference Books: 1. Programming Google App Year: 2015 2. Programming Google App Apps on Google's Infrastruc	o Engine with Java, Sanderson, E o Engine with Python: Build and F cture, Dan Sanderson O'Reilly Mee	Dan, O'Reilly Media, Run Scalable Python dia, Year: 2015		
	E-Resources:				
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	1. https://earthengine.google.com/				
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do				
	 CO1. Understand the concept Earth Engine and Java Script CO2. Learn about Unsupervised classification CO3. Learn about Supervised classification CO4. Understand Change Detection analysis CO5. Understand Global Land Cover and Analysis case study. 				

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

СО	PSO					
	1	2	3	4	5	
CO 1	2	1	3	1	1	
CO 2	2	2	3	2	2	
CO 3	2	2	2	1	1	
CO 4	3	1	3	2	1	
CO5	1	3	2	2	3	