

P.G.Diploma in Spatial Technologies

SYLLABUS

(Revised Syllabus w.e.f the academic year 2021-22 under the
CBCS)

CENTRE FOR GEOINFORMATICS

The Gandhigram Rural Institute (Deemed to be University)

(Ministry of Education, Govt. of India)

Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade (3rd Cycle)

Gandhigram – 624 302

Dindigul District, Tamil Nadu

**THE GANDHIGRAM RURAL INSTITUTE (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)
GANDHIGRAM – 624 302**

I. Programme Code : PSTD

II. Programme : P.G.Diploma in Spatial Technologies

OBE Elements for **P.G.Diploma in Spatial Technologies** programme

Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

- PEO1: To map the spatial distribution of natural resources and natural disaster prone areas using Spatial Technologies.
- PEO2: Succeed in getting employment in their field of interest related to spatial issues and has acquire skills to critically assess, analyse and solve spatial problems.
- PEO3: Grow in their professional career through higher education in their field of interest.
- PEO4: Cater to the needs of the industry in order to contribute for the development of the society.
- PEO5: Become an entrepreneur.

Programme Outcomes (PO)

- PO1: Become knowledgeable in the field of spatial technologies and apply the principles of the same to the needs of the Employer / Institution / Enterprise / Society.
- PO2: Gain hands on experience in interpreting Remote Sensing data, processing of digital satellite data, mapping through GIS, positioning using GNSS etc.,
- PO3: Understand and analyse and provide solutions for the spatial problems.
- PO4: Learn spatial analytical tools / software as per current trends / needs.
- PO5: Improve problem solving skills.

Programme Specific Outcome (PSO)

- PSO1: Map the Natural Resources and disaster Zones using tools of Spatial Technology.
- PSO2: Apply the knowledge of Spatial Technology in the domain of spatial decision making.
- PSO3: Solve the complex problems in the field of spatial technologies with an understanding of the societal, legal and cultural impact of the solution.
- PSO4: Create micro level analysis through Extension activities.
- PSO5: Expose the students to various open software and data.

Eligibility: A pass in UG degree in Sciences, Engineering and Technology disciplines.

Scheme of Examination of the Programme
P.G.Diploma in Spatial Technologies
(Revised Syllabus w.e.f the Academic year 2021 – 2022 under the CBCS)

Semester	Category	Course Code	Title of the Paper	K	No. of Credits	Theory hours	Practical	Duration of ESE (Hours)	Evaluation Marks		Total Marks
									CFA	ESE	
I	Major Courses	21PSTD0101	Introduction to Spatial Technologies	2	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
		21PSTD0102	Remote Sensing and Digital Image Processing	2-4	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
		21PSTD0103	Principles of Cartography	2-4	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
		21PSTD0104	Geographical Information System	2-6	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
		21PSTD0105	Global Navigation Satellite System	2-4	3	3	-	3	40	60	100
		21PSTD0106	PRACTICAL - I: Geographical Information System	3-6	2	-	4	3	60	40	100
		21PSTD0107	PRACTICAL -II: Remote Sensing & Digital Image Processing	2-6	2	-	4	3	60	40	100
1st Semester Total					23	19	8	-			
II	Major Courses	21PSTD0208	IT for Spatial Technologies	1-4	3	3		3	40	60	100
		21PSTD0209	Spatial Technologies in Resource Management	2-6	4	4		3	40	60	100
		21PSTD0210	Spatial Technologies in Disaster Management	2-6	4	4		3	40	60	100
		21PSTD0211	Dissertation	2-6	4		8	3	75	125	200
	DC	21PSTD02DX	Elective – Discipline Centric	1-3	3	3		3	40	60	100
	MC	21PSTD02MX	Modular course	3-6	2	2	-		50	-	50
	VAC	21CSKD0201	Communication and Soft Skills		2	2			50	-	50
	VAC	21GTPP00H1	Human Value and Professional Ethics		2	2			50	-	50
	2nd Semester Total					24	20	8			
Grant Total (I + II)					47	39	16				

Major Course

Semester	Category	Course Code	Title of the Paper	No. of Credits
I	Major Courses	21PSTD0101	Introduction to Spatial Technologies	4
		21PSTD0102	Remote Sensing and DIP	4
		21PSTD0103	Principles of Cartography	4
		21PSTD0104	Geographical Information System	4
		21PSTD0105	Global Navigation Satellite System	3
		21PSTD0106	PRACTICAL - I: Geographical Information System	2
		21PSTD0107	PRACTICAL -II: Remote Sensing & Digital Image Processing	2
1st Semester Total				23
II	Major Courses	21PSTD0208	IT for Spatial Technologies	3
		21PSTD0209	Spatial Technologies in Resource Management	4
		21PSTD0210	Spatial Technologies in Disaster Management	4
		21PSTD0211	Dissertation	4
		2nd Semester Total		

Elective – Discipline Centric

Discipline Centric courses - 21PSTD02DX	
21PSTD02D1	Earth, Atmospheric, Ocean and Planetary Sciences
21PSTD02D2	Spatial Technologies for Watershed Management
21PSTD02D3	Open source data and software

Modular Course

Modular Course 21PSTD02MX	
21PSTD02M1	Spatial Modeling
21PSTD02M2	Spatial Decision Support System
21PSTD02M3	LiDAR and its Applications
21PSTD02M4	Drone Image Processing

OBE Template

Name of the Programme	P.G.Diploma in Spatial Technologies										
Year of Introduction	2002				Year of Revision				2021		
Semester-wise Courses and Credit distribution	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	Total
No. of Courses	7	8									15
No. of Credits	23	24									47

Semester	I	Course Code	21PSTD0101
Course Title	Introduction to Spatial Technologies		
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	40%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Foundation course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Skill • Skill Development 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • K-2: (Understand) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduce spatial technologies as an advanced tool consisting of various modern technologies used for mapping and managing the earth resources. 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Meaning and Scope of Spatial Technologies – Science and Technologies involved: Cartography – Geodesy – Geology - Remote Sensing - Geographical Information System - Photogrammetry - Information & Communication Technologies- Global Positioning System- Digital Image Processing - Map as decision tool.		5
II	Earth – Origin, Interior, Age, size, shape and Physiography of the Earth - Atmosphere: Origin and nature, Composition and layers of the atmosphere. Hydrosphere and lithosphere constituents.		15
III	Geodetic information - lat - long - time - altimetry – bio-physical and bio-chemical information. Basic principles of surveying – Classification and applications- Scales - Conventional signs - Survey instruments, survey methods - traversing, trilateration and triangulation - conventional, electronic (Compass, Theodolite and Total Station).		10
IV	Aerial and Satellite based survey techniques (Photogrammetry, RADAR, LiDAR) - Survey by GNSS – survey using UAV - Geodata visualization.		10
V	Application of Spatial Technologies: Rural Development, Geosciences, Agriculture, Forestry, Soil Studies, Meteorology, Military, Transport, Environmental studies, Banking and Health Civil Engineering, Telecommunication, Electricity, Oil & Gas Industries etc.,		10
References	<p>Text Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chandra A.M., Geoinformatics, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2016. 2. LO. C.P., and Albert K.W.Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006. 		

	<p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Peter A. Burrough et al., Principles of Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Oxford University Press Inc., New York, 2015. 2. Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelivs and Steve Carver, An Introduction to Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Pearson Education Pvt .Ltd., New Delhi, 2017. 3. Arthur H. Robinson et al. Elements of Cartography (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2016. 4. Misra, R.P.and Ramesh, A, Fundamentals of Cartography, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2002. 5. Lillesand, Kiefer and Chipman, Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2017
	<p>E-Resources:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://courses.lumenlearning.com/geophysical/chapter/the-composition-and-structure-of-earth/ 2. https://www.britannica.com/topic/evolution-of-the-atmosphere-1703862 3. https://ncert.nic.in/textbook/pdf/kegy303.pdf 4. http://bbsbec.edu.in/wp-content/uploads/2020/01/com.pdf 5. http://www.gitta.info/Generalisati/en/image/Signs.pdf 6. https://www.icsm.gov.au/education/fundamentals-mapping/surveying-mapping/surveying-methods 7. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/291833102_GIS_Scope_and_Benefits 8. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/earth-and-planetary-sciences/remote-sensing-technology 9. http://sdeuoc.ac.in/sites/default/files/sde_videos/Digital%20Image%20Processing%203rd%20ed.%20-%20R.%20Gonzalez%2C%20R.%20Woods-ilovepdf-compressed.pdf 10. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/agricultural-and-biological-sciences/photogrammetry
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Understand the basic information about to earth, atmosphere and principles of acquiring earth related information</p> <p>CO2. Understand the meaning, scope and science & technologies involved in Spatial Technologies.</p> <p>CO3. Understand and analyze the basics principles of surveying using conventional and modern tools and technologies</p> <p>CO4. Apply various methods of aerial and photogrammetry techniques of surveying.</p> <p>CO5. Apply tools of Spatial Technologies in various applications.</p>

Mapping of COs with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1
CO 4	2	2	2	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Semester	I	Course Code	21PSTD0102
Course Title	Remote Sensing and Digital Image Processing		
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	40%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core Course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> understand the basic concepts of remote sensing and photogrammetry understand the systems and techniques of data acquisition, LiDAR, Hyperspectral remote sensing and data products of different satellites. 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Remote Sensing: History and development - Electro Magnetic Spectrum - Components and types of remote sensing – Energy interaction with atmosphere and Earth features - Resolutions - Platforms – Sensors - Scanning & Orbiting Mechanism of Satellites and Data Acquisition. Optical Remote Sensing: Basic concepts – Optical sensors and scanners Image interpretation – Visual Interpretation elements		10
II	Aerial photography: Historical development - definition – types – Sensors - Planning and execution- Geometry of vertical aerial photograph, scale of vertical aerial photograph, relief displacement. - Stereoscopic parallax – Aerial triangulation – Ortho photograph generation - Digital photogrammetry – UAV and low altitude payloads in different spectral regions		10
III	Thermal Remote Sensing- Thermal sensors & scanners. Microwave Remote Sensing: Microwave sensors and Radiometers –RADAR – LiDAR - Hyper spectral Remote Sensing. Types of satellites Sensors and data products of IRS, LANDSAT, SPOT, ERS, IKONOS, Quik Bird, ORBVUEW, WORLD VIEW RISAT, RADARSAT, Sentinel 1A&1B, NISAR, ALOS PALSAR – SRTM, AVIRIS, CASI, MODIS, Hyperion and others.		10
IV	Digital Image Processing : Digital data – Data type and file Formats – Stages – Pre Processing : Radiometric and Geometric distortions and corrections – Noise removal. Image enhancement- Single & Multi band Enhancement Contrast Manipulation – Spatial Feature Manipulation – Multi image Manipulation		8

V	Image classification: Supervised – Unsupervised – Hybrid – Fuzzy. Accuracy Assessment – Post Classification – Smoothing –Image fusion and change detection. Hyperspectral Image Processing – Microwave Remote sensing	10
References	<p>Text Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lillesand, Kiefer and Chipman, Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2017. 2. Paul R. Wolf., Elements of Photogrammetry, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2014. <p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Basudeb Bhatta, Remote Sensing and GIS (2nd Edition), Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2017. 2. John R.Jensen, Remote Sensing of the Environment: An Earth Resource Perspective (2nd Edition), Pearson India Education Services Pvt Ltd, Noida, 2018. 3. Ravi P. Gupta, Remote Sensing Geology (2nd Edition), Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2014. 4. M. Anji Reddy, Text Book of Remote Sensing and Geographical Information Systems (4th Edition), BS Publications, Hyderabad, 2019. 5. Cracknell A.P and Hayes L.W.B., Introduction to Remote Sensing, The T aylor and Francis, London, 2003. 6. Chandra A.M and Ghosh. S.K., Remote Sensing and Geographic Information System (2nd Edition), Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2017. 7. Jean-Paul Donnay et al., Remote Sensing and Urban Analysis, Taylor & Francis, New York, 2010. 8. Mikhail et al., Introduction to Modern Photogrammetry, Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi,2013. <p>E-Resources:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://ncert.nic.in/textbook/pdf/kegy307.pdf 2. https://www.nrcan.gc.ca/sites/www.nrcan.gc.ca/files/earthsciences/pdf/resource/tutor/fundam/pdf/fundamentals_e.pdf 3. https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers_2009/general/principlesremotesensing.pdf 4. https://www.electronicshub.org/different-types-sensors/ 5. http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/epgpdata/uploads/epgp_content/S000017GE/P001788/M027029/ET/1517207018AERIALPHOTOGRAPHY(2).pdf 6. https://www.slideshare.net/virajain/lecture-1aerial-photogrammetry 7. http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/epgpdata/uploads/epgp_content/S000017GE/P001788/M028382/ET/1521702258Divyani_Digi_Photogrammetry(2).pdf 8. https://earth.esa.int/documents/973910/1002056/CK3.pdf/4e5b4e5a-d898-43b8-9e5c-ba7494aa58c8 9. http://www.geoinformatie.nl/courses/gima_rs/Day%203/GIMA%20ch4%20Microwave%20Remote%20Sensing.pdf 10. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/earth-and-planetary-sciences/side-looking-radar 	

Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to</p> <p>CO1. Understand the basic concepts of remote sensing.</p> <p>CO2. Understand aerial photography, types, planning and execution.</p> <p>CO3. Understand the basics & principles of thermal, microwave, hyperspectral remote sensing and sensor characteristics of different satellite products.</p> <p>CO4. Rationalize statistical outlook of satellite image and different classification approaches.</p> <p>CO5. Apply the knowledge of remote sensing in various thematic studies.</p>
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Mapping of Cos with PSOs :

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	1	3	2	3
CO 2	3	3	2	2	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1
CO 4	3	3	3	1	1
CO 5	2	2	2	3	1

Semester	I	Course Code	21PSTD0103
Course Title	Principles of Cartography		
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected (Minimum 20%)	35%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core Course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> explain the basic principles and importance of cartography, map projection, data visualization, map design and layout and various techniques of map production and reproduction. 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Introduction to cartography: Definition – nature, scope and its role of Cartography; Principles of Cartography; map and its components, Types of maps, Interpretation of topographic/ thematic maps.		10
II	Projection: Definition – concept – classification – uses and types of projection: Conical – Azimuthal - Cylindrical – map scale.		15
III	Data Collection, Creation of Database, Representation of data - Symbolization – 2D visualization (mapping techniques) – 3D visualization (Ortho TIN, DEM, DSM, DTM, Hill Shading, Hatching) – 4D visualization (creation of movies, animation) – Virtual reality map.		15
IV	Map designing and layout: Definition - Overall map designing – Internal components designing -Methods of printing maps		10
V	Digital Cartography: Adaptation of Computer in Cartography – Components of digital Cartography - advantages – disadvantages of digital cartography - Conventional mapping Vs Digital Mapping.		10
References	<p>Text Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Arthur H. Robinson et al. Elements of Cartography, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2002. <p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Peter A. Burrough et al., Principles of Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Oxford University Press Inc., New York, 2015. Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelivs and Steve Carver, An Introduction to Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Pearson Education Pvt .Ltd., New Delhi, 2017. Arthur H. Robinson et al. Elements of Cartography (6th Edition), Wiley India 		

	<p>Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.</p> <p>4. Misra, R.P.and Ramesh, A, Fundamentals of Cartography, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2002.</p> <p>5. Lillesand, Kiefer and Chipman, Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation (6th Edition), Wiley India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2017</p> <p>E-Resources:</p> <p>1. Fundamentals of General Cartography, http://164.100.133.129:81/econtent/Uploads/Fundamentals of General C artography.pdf</p> <p>2. Cartography – a tool for spatial analysis, https://www.pdfdrive.net/cartography-a-tool-for-spatial-analysis-39693639.html</p>
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Understand the basic information about to earth, atmosphere and principles of acquiring earth related information</p> <p>CO2. Understand the meaning, scope and science & technologies involved in Geoinformatics.</p> <p>CO3. Understand and analyze the basics principles of surveying using conventional and modern tools and technologies</p> <p>CO4. Apply various methods of Geodata visualization for analysis.</p> <p>CO5. Apply tools of Geoinformatics in various applications.</p>

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	1	1	2
CO 2	3	2	1	1	3
CO 3	3	2	1	1	2
CO 4	3	3	1	1	3
CO 5	3	2	1	1	2

Semester	I	Course Code	21PSTD0104
Course Title	Geographical Information System		
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	40 %
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core Course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> introduce Geographical Information System provide knowledge on various methods of data input, types of errors and its correcting methods. gain knowledge on analysis such as surface, hydrology and network. acquire knowledge on various GIS data modeling and analysis. know about various forms of GIS output and their method of visualization 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	GIS: Definition – components – sources of GIS data - spatial data models/ structure – representation of spatial data in GIS: Layer based – title based – object oriented based.		7
II	Data Input methods - Checking and correcting errors: Attribute data - spatial data, edge matching - rubber sheeting – data integration.		9
III	Measurement – Query - Reclass – Buffer - Overlay – MCE. Network modeling: Arc – Node – vertices – Analysis: travelling sales person problem – location-allocation modeling – route tracing – service area – closest facility.		10
IV	Surface modeling: Slope – Aspect – visibility analysis. Hydrological Analysis: Fill – flow direction – flow accumulation. Spatial interpolation - extrapolation.		12
V	Cartographic Output: Maps as output – Cartograms - Non-cartographic output – Spatial multimedia – Delivery mechanism: Hardcopy output – softcopy copy - Map as a decision tool.		10
References	<p>Text Book:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelivs and Steve Carver, An Introduction to 		

	<p>Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.</p> <p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Peter A. Burrough et al., Principles of Geographical Information System (3rd Edition), Oxford University Press Inc., New York, 2015. 2. Kang-tsung Chang, Introduction to Geographic Information Systems (4th Edition), McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013. 3. John R. Jensen and Ryan R. Jensen, Introductory Geographic Information Systems, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2018. 4. LO. C.P., and Albert K.W.Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006. 5. M. Anji Reddy, Text Book of Remote Sensing and Geographical Information Systems (4th Edition), BS Publications, Hyderabad, 2019. <p>E- Resources:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Michael J de Smith, Michael F Goodchild and Paul A Loughley, Geospatial Analysis (6th Edition), 2020, https://spatialanalysisonline.com/HTML/index.html. 2. Paul Bolstad, GIS Fundamentals: A First Text on Geographic Information Systems, 2016, https://www.pdfdrive.com/gis-fundamentals-a-first-text-on-geographic-information-systems-e188660361.html. 3. Michael D. Kennedy, Michael F. Goodchild & Jack Dangermond, Introducing Geographic Information Systems with ArcGIS: A Workbook Approach to Learning GIS, 2013, https://www.pdfdrive.com/introducing-geographic-information-systems-with-arcgis-a-workbook-approach-to-learning-gis-e156925406.html.
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Understand the basics of GIS CO2. Understand the various methods of data input, errors and correction. CO3. Apply the tools of GIS. CO4. Analyze, evaluate and create various GIS based models. CO5. Understand and create different types of GIS outputs</p>

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	1	1	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	2	1	3
CO 4	2	2	2	1	2
CO 5	3	3	2	1	1

Semester	I	Course Code	21PSTD0105
Course Title	Global Navigation Satellite System		
No. of Credits	3	No. of contact hours per Week	3
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	20%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core Course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand the working principles of GNSS, GNSS systems Analyze and correct the GNSS errors Create database on geo co-ordinates using various GNSS techniques Apply GNSS in various fields 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	History of GNSS - Advantages and limitations of GNSS- Segments of GNSS: Control segment - Space segment - User segment - Geo positioning - Uses of GNSS		9
II	GPS systems - NAVSTAR GPS – GALILEO – GLONASS – IRNSS – MTSAT - Beidou – Compass - GPS receivers based on: data type and yield - realization of channel – user community - Signal structure: carrier ranging, ranging code and navigational message		10
III	Basic modes of GPS surveying: Differential GPS surveying vs static GPS surveying. Rapid static positioning technique - Reoccupation technique - Stop & go technique. Kinematic positioning technique - Relative advantages and disadvantages - Data transfer and analysis		10
IV	Sources of error: Ionospheric and atmospheric delays - satellite and receiver clock error - anti spoofing - selective availability - multi path - dilution of precision - Error correction - Number and geometry of visible satellites - location of GPS receiver - distance between base station and rover receiver - signal to noise ratio - occupation time at a point - differential correction - WAAS, LAAS		9
V	GPS applications - Siting and routing - surveying - navigational application - vehicle tracking - mobile computing - military application - Precision Farming		10
References	<p>Text Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Sathees Gopi et al., Advanced Surveying: Total Station, GPS, and Remote 		

	<p>Sensing (2nd Edition), Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd., Noida, 2019.</p> <p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hofmann – Wellenhopf, Lichtenegger and Collins, GPS: Theory and Practice (5th Edition), SpringerWien, New York, 2015. 2. Alfred Et al., GPS Satellite Surveying (4th Edition), Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2018. 3. Michael Kennedy, 'The Global Positioning System and GIS: An Introduction', Taylor and Francis Inc. New York, 2002. 4. Satheesh Gopi, Global Positioning System Principles and Applications. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2005. <p>E-Resources</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://www.maps-gps-info.com/ed-resources.html 2. http://www.gisdevelopment.net/tutorials/tuman004.htm 3. http://www.colorado.edu/geography/gcraft/notes/gps/gps_f.html
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Understand fundamental of GNSS. CO2. Understand different GNSS satellites and systems. CO3. Analyze the errors and various correction methods CO4. Create a database on geo coordinates CO5. Apply GNSS in various fields.</p>

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1
CO 4	2	2	2	1	1
CO 5	3	3	3	1	1

Semester	I	Course Code	21PSTD0106
Course Title	Practical I – Geographical Information System		
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	25 %
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Core Course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Skill / Advanced Skill • Skill Development • Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • K-3: (Apply) • K-4: (Analyze) • K-5: (Evaluate) • K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • apply the tools of AutoCAD and ArcGIS in creating, analyzing and evaluating geospatial data • create a model • map design and layout 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Surveying: Total stations – DGPS.		10
II	<p>Introduction to commercial and open source GIS software. (AutoCAD, ArcGIS, QGIS etc)</p> <p>Map Appreciation - Map interpretation – spatial entities – data dictionary.</p> <p>Georeferencing - projections – Database creation.</p> <p>Spatial and attribute data entry, editing and joining them.</p>		12
III	<p>Working with tables and layer properties.</p> <p>Methods of data analysis I: Measurement - Buffer – overlay– spatial interpolation – reclass – TIN – DEM.</p>		15
IV	<p>Methods of data analysis II: Network – surface – hydrology - Geo statistical analysis.</p> <p>Map algebra – MCE.</p>		15
V	Building models - Map Design and Layout		10
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to</p> <p>CO1. Handle the surveying equipments of collect field data.</p> <p>CO2. Apply the tools of AutoCAD, ArcGIS, QGIS etc.</p> <p>CO3. Analyze the data in GIS with appropriate tools</p> <p>CO4. Create new models</p> <p>CO5. Design and layout a map</p>		

Mapping of Cos with PSOs :

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	1	2	2	2	1
CO 2	2	3	2	3	3
CO 3	2	3	2	3	1
CO 4	2	3	2	3	1
CO 5	3	3	3	2	2

Semester	I	Course Code	21 PSTD0107
Course Title	Practical –II Remote Sensing and Digital Image Processing		
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	30%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core Course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> provide hands on experience on visual interpretation of different satellite images and digital image processing techniques. 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Study of various visual Remote Sensing Equipments Decoding of different aerial and satellite data Interpretation of Black & White and Multi-colour images Interpretation of optical, thermal and microwave images Generation of various thematic maps using image. 		12
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Streovision Test and Anatomy of pocket & Mirror Stereoscopes. Interpretation of Aerial photographs Decoding, Marking & Transfer of Principal Points, Base line drawing, Flight line marking, 3D Observation, Tracing details, Transfer the details to base map. 		12
III	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Reading and displaying satellite data from BIL, BSQ and BIP formats Layer stacking and Generating True, False and Pseudo Colour Composite Georeferencing the base image, Image to Image, Map to Image Extracting / Subset, Area of Interest (AOI) Measuring distance and area. Mosaic 		12
IV	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preprocessing - Geometric correction of satellite image Enhancement using different filtering techniques, Image Fusion 		12

	17. Principal Component Analysis (PCA) 18. Band ratio, NDWI, NDSI, RVI, TNDVI, PRI, NDVI etc. 19. Classification (Supervised, Unsupervised, Hybrid, Fuzzy etc) 20. Accuracy Assessment 21. Change detection 22. Terrain Analysis	
V	23. Layout Preparation 24. Hyper spectral Image Analysis 25. 3D visualization 26. SAR Image Processing 27. Exploration of various sites on UAV 28. Familiarization with hardware and software of UAV 29. Acquisition of satellite images: Theory in UAV mode 30. Processing of UAV images	12
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Interpret aerial photographs, satellite images CO2. Transfer of information from image to base map CO3. Preprocessing and enhancement of satellite data. CO4. Apply unsupervised and supervised classification techniques and Apply & Analyze the accuracy. CO5. Apply various image processing technique.	

Mapping of Cos with PSOs :

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	3	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	2	2	2	2	2
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

SEMESTER - 2
F i r s t Y e a r

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD0208
Course Title	IT for Spatial Technologies		
No. of Credits	3	No. of contact hours per Week	3
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	80 %
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core Course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-1: (Remember) K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide basic knowledge about hardware and software used in Geoinformatics, Provide basic knowledge on Python programming. 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Introduction: Hardware, software and data: Software: System, application, enterprise, free ware, open source - Coding: ASCII, UNICODE -DBMS, logical data model, physical and logical views, spatial databases available for natural resources and terrain-Data Science- Data Mining – Data Analytics - Big Data - Artificial Intelligence – Machine Learning - Drone Image Applications - Deep Learning.		9
II	Internet: Communication systems, wired and wireless communication, communication types - Major types of networks-LAN, WAN, MAN etc, Topologies-Internet, WWW, web server, client, web browser-TCP/IP Protocol Suite, IP Address - Applications of Internet. IoT- Applications Video Conferencing - Virtual reality - Cloud Computing.		12
III	Python: Introduction OOPS Concept – Application of OOPS – Introduction - Variables - Expressions - Statements - Operators - Functions - Conditionals and Recursion - Fruitful Functions.		12
IV	Iteration- Strings - Lists - Tuples - Dictionaries - Files and exceptions. Library : Geemap - Arcpy- Pandas - Geopandas - Geemap - RSGISLib - GDAL/OGR - Folium - ipyleaflet - Scikit - Matplotlib - NumPy - PyProj- PyTorch - Keras - TensorFlow - Theano – SciPy – LiDAR. Reading Satellite images.		9
V	Class and objects - Class and methods - Sets of objects - Inheritance - Linked lists - Stacks - Queues – Trees.		9

References	References: 1. Introduction to Information Technology By EFRAIM TURBAN, R. KELLY RAINER and RICHARD E.POTTER Published by John Wiley & Sons. 2. Computer Networks by Andrew S. Tanenbaum Gottfried, B.S.: Programming with C, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. Programming in C by Jamwal Shubhnandan, Pearson Publications 3. How to Think like a Computer Scientist Learning with Python, Allen Downey, Jeffrey Elkner and Chris Meyers, Green Tea Press..
	E-Resources: 1. Python Programming: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106145/
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO 1. Understand about computer hardware and software CO 2. Understand about the Internet and net works CO 3. Create simple program in Python language. CO 4. Create program to manipulate strings, data structures and Understand packages in Python CO 5. Create program for class, objects and other data structure.

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	3	2	3	3
CO 2	1	3	2	2	3
CO 3	2	3	2	3	2
CO 4	1	2	3	2	3
CO 5	1	2	2	3	2

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD0209
Course Title	Spatial Technologies in Resource Management		
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	30%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core Course 		
Scope of the Course (may be more than one)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> apply various tools of spatial technologies in different fields. 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Soil – importance – problems - soil erosion estimation using RUSLE. Land Classification System – FAO - USDA- land capability assessment – Land use / Land cover classification. Land use planning: Rural and urban - Land Reclamation – Land Information System.		10
II	Introduction – Water Conservation - water quality monitoring - Groundwater investigation - artificial recharge zone identification – surface water harvesting structure - flood prediction model - sedimentation evaluation - watershed approach for natural resource management – runoff and hydrological modeling.		9
III	Agriculture: Spectral properties of crops - crop canopy - identification & inventory - Yield modeling - crop production forecasting - crop condition assessment and monitoring - Microwave RS for crop inventory & case studies - Precision farming. Forestry: Forest taxonomy - inventory of forestlands - forest types and density mapping - Forest stock mapping - factors for degradation of forest - Forest change detection and monitoring - Forest fire mapping & damage assessment - LiDAR remote sensing for Forest studies.		10
IV	Infra structure demand analysis - Transportation planning – mapping transportation - network – classification - Transportation interaction models – intelligent transportation systems – optimum route – traffic and parking studies - accident analysis.		10

	Water utility - electrical utility - telecommunication – tower spotting – Sitting a new facility - customer loyalty studies - health information system - Solid and liquid waste management - Crime Analysis: mapping crime data - hot spot analysis.	
V	Environmental types and components – Pollution: Air – Water – Soil and Noise – Environmental Impact Assessment - Environmental Information System - Environmental and ecological concerns – resource development in remote areas - impacts of anthropogenic activities Oceanography: Major issues/problem – wetland classification - Thematic maps on coastal resources – site suitability analysis for aquaculture – Fishery – coral reef – Coastal Regulation zone – Coastal aquifer modeling – Integrated coastal Zone Management.	9
References	Text Books (with chapter number & page number, wherever needed): 1. Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, George Joseph. Universities Press (India) Pvt Ltd, 3-5-819 Hyderguda, Hyderabad 500 029. 2003. 433 pp. Reference Books: 1. Nitish Dogra, Sangeet Srivastava, Climate Change and Disease Dynamics in India, The Energy and resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, 2012. 2. Narayan Singh and Amit Kumar Thakur, Climate Change and Environmental Issues, The Energy and resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, 2018. 3. Joshi PK and Singh TP., Geoinformatics for Climate Change Studies, The Energy and resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, 2013. 4. Amim Hammad, Hassan karimi, Telegeoinformatics: Location-based Computing and Services, CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2004 5. Allah Brimicomber, GIS Environmental Modeling and Engineering, Taylor and Francis, 2003 6. Savigny D De and Wijeyaratne.P.GIS for Health and Environment, Stylus publication, 1994. 7. Paul A Longley, Michael F Goodchild, David J Maguire, David W Rhind, Geographical Information Systems, Volume I and II, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1999. 8. Juliana Maantay, John Ziegler and John Pickles, GIS for the Urban Environment, ESRI Press, 2006. E-Resources (URLs of e-books / YouTube videos / online learning resources, etc.) 1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/geostatistical-and-geospatial-approaches-for-the-characterization-of-natural-resources-in-the-environment-challenges-processes-and-strategies-d175603772.html 2. https://www.isprs.org/proceedings/xxxv/congress/comm7/papers/83.pdf 3. https://www.zef.de/fileadmin/user_upload/ApplicationsofRemoteSensingandGISinNaturalResourceManagement.pdf 4. https://eqyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/39604/3/MGY-001-E-B4.pdf 5. https://www.esds.co.in/blog/gis-applications-in-utility-sector/ 6. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/329963373_Application_of_GIS_in_Planning_of_Facilitate_Infrastructure 7. https://www.esri.com/content/dam/esrisites/sitecore-archive/Files/Pdfs/library/brochures/pdfs/transportation-infrastructure.pdf 8. https://www.pdfdrive.com/landscape-analysis-and-visualisation-spatial-models-for-natural-resource-management-and-planning-lecture-notes-in-geoinformation-and-cartography-d184489152.html	

Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Apply Geoinformatics in Land resource management.</p> <p>CO2. Apply Geoinformatics in Water Resources Management.</p> <p>CO3. Apply Geoinformatics in Agriculture and Forestry.</p> <p>CO4. Apply Geoinformatics in Utility management.</p> <p>CO5. Apply Geoinformatics in Environmental and Oceanography.</p>
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Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	3	2	2
CO 2	3	3	3	2	2
CO 3	3	3	3	2	2
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	2	2

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD0210
Course Title	Spatial Technologies in Disaster Management		
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	4
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	30%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core Course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> apply various tools of Geoinformatics in disaster management. 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Types of disaster – Natural: Earthquakes – Landslides - Volcanism - Tsunami-Cyclones – Floods - Drought - Forest Fire Man-Made Disasters: Nuclear Disasters - Chemical Disasters - Biological - Deforestation - Accidents - Disaster Management Concepts.		9
II	Vulnerability – Hazard – Risk Assessment - Natural Disaster Mapping, Management and mitigation using Geoinformatics Technology.		10
III	Disaster Management: Prevention - Preparedness and Mitigation - Damage assessment - Land use planning and regulation for sustainable development. Pre-disaster and post disaster planning for relief operations - Development of Disaster management plan.		10
IV	Disaster Response: Disaster Response Plan – Communication - Participation and Activation of Emergency Preparedness Plan - Logistics Management - Trauma and Stress Management - Rumour and Panic Management.		10
V	Emergency Support Functions and their coordination mechanism. Resource & Material Management. Management of Relief Camp. Rehabilitation, Reconstruction and Recovery - Information systems & decision making tools. Application of UAV in pre and post disaster planning.		9

References	Text Books (with chapter number & page number, wherever needed): 1. Parag Diwan, A Manual on Disaster Management, Pentagon Earth, New Delhi, 2010. 2. Brian Romaszewski, Geographical Information Systems (GIS) for Disaster Management, CRC Press, New York, 2019. 3. Peter Van Oosterom et al., Geo-Information for Disaster Management, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
	Reference Books: 1. Sisizlatanova & Andrea Fabbrijonathanli, Geometrics solutions for Disaster management, Springer Verlag, 2007. 2. C.EmdadHaque, Mitigation of natural Hazards & disasters, Kluwer Academic publishers group, 2005. 3. Linda C. Bottersll & ponald A.wilhite, From Disaster response to Risk management. Kluwer Academic publishers group, 2005. 4. Gerard Blokdiijk, Disaster recovery planning and services, Gennaio publishers, 2008. 5. Mohamed Gad Large scale disasters : prediction, control and mitigation, Cambridge university press, 2008
	E-Resources (URLs of e-books / YouTube videos / online learning resources, etc.) 1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/geoinformatics-applications-in-disaster-management-nidm-d15299133.html 2. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/345179571_Geographical_Information_System_GIS_for_Disaster_Management 3. https://www.isprs.org/proceedings/XXXIII/congress/part7/1609_XXXIII-part7.pdf 4. https://www.geos.ed.ac.uk/~gisteac/gis_book_abridged/files/ch60.pdf
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1. Understand various types of Disaster & its responsible factors. CO2. Interpret & discriminate various stages of disaster management & utility of spatial technology tools in every stage. CO3. Understand the ethical & humanitarian values. CO4. Understand the administrative structure of disaster management in India. CO5. Apply tools of integrated geospatial technology in disaster management.

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	3	3	2	2
CO 2	3	3	3	2	2
CO 3	3	3	3	2	2
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	2	2

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD0211
Course Title	Dissertation		
No. of Credits	4	No. of contact hours per Week	8
New Course / Revised Course	-	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	-
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Core Course • Industrial Placement 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Skill / Advanced Skill • Skill Development • Employability • Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills • Field Placement / Field Project • Internship 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • K-2: (Understand) • K-3: (Apply) • K-4: (Analyze) • K-5: (Evaluate) • K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply knowledge of spatial technologies in real world spatial problems and create/ develop models. 		
UNIT	Content	No. of Hours	
I	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identification of a problem in consultation with internal guide ▪ Executing the work as per the instructions of both internal and external guide while incorporating any of the following activities or combination of activities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Designing of Geoinformatics ▪ GIS implementation and application ▪ Remote Sensing application ▪ GNSS application ▪ Spatial modeling or such other related topics, which will give focus to Geoinformatics implementation ▪ The size of the dissertation may be between 50 and 70 pages, which is not inclusive of scripts and other appendices <p>The dissertation should be submitted both in print form and digital form (pdf / crystal reports).</p>	120	

Elective – Discipline Centric

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD02D1
Course Title	Earth, Atmospheric, Ocean and Planetary Sciences		
No. of Credits	3	No. of contact hours per Week	3
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	-
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Major Elective 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-1: (Remember) K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide important concepts of basic geosciences 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Mineralogy and petrology – structural geology and geotectonic – paleontology and its applications – sediment logy and stratigraphy – marine geology and pale oceanography – geochemistry – economic geology - Precambrian geology and crustal evolution – quaternary geology – applied geology.		9
II	Physical Geography: geomorphology – climatology – bio-geography – environmental geography – geography of India.		9
III	Geophysics: Signal Processing – field theory – numerical analysis and inversion – gravity and magnetic fields of the earth – palte tectonics and geodynamics – seismology elastic theory – gravity and magnetic methods – electrical and electromagnetic methods – seismic methods – well logging.		10
IV	Meteorology: Climatology – physical meteorology – atmospheric electricity – cloud physics – dynamic meteorology – numerical weather prediction – general circulation and climate modeling – synoptic meteorology – aviation meteorology – satellite meteorology.		10
V	Ocean science: Physical oceanography – chemical oceanography – geological oceanography – biological oceanography. Terrestrial Planets: Geology and geophysics of terrestrial planets: earth, mars, venus and mercury; physical properties, composition, mineralogy and petrology of the planets and the Moon		10
References	<p>Text Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Dr. Surendra Kumar & RPH Editorial Board , Joint CSIR-UGC (NET) Earth, Atmospheric, Ocean and Planetary Sciences Exam Guide (Part B & C): Earth, Admospheric, Ocean and Planetary Sciences Guide, Paperback – 1 		

	January 2021, Ramesh Publishing House, New Delhi.
	<p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mahapatra. G.B., A Textbook of Geology, CBS publisher, 2019. 2. Huggett, Fundamentals of Geomorphology , Taylor and Francis, 2016 3. W.M. Telford, Exclusive with Professional Books (Hyd) Applied Geophysics South Asian Edition, 2010 4. Willis Isbister Milham, Meteorology, Andesite Press, 2015 5. Savindra Singh, Oceanography, Pravalika Publications, 2013
	<p>E-Resources:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Carl Wilhelm Correns, Introduction to Crystallography and Petrology 2nd Edition, https://www.pdfdrive.com/introduction-to-mineralogy-crystallography-and-petrology-d169738500.html 2. Richard C. Selley, Robin Cocks and Ian Plimer, Encyclopedia of Geology, Five Volume Set, Volume 1-5 (Encyclopedia of Geology Series), https://www.pdfdrive.com/encyclopedia-of-geology-five-volume-set-volume-1-5-encyclopedia-of-geology-series-d184350405.html 3. Alan H. Strahler, Introducing Physical Geography, 6th edition, https://www.pdfdrive.com/introducing-physical-geography-6th-edition-d188301758.html 4. William Lowrie, Fundamentals of Geophysics, 2nd Edition, https://www.pdfdrive.com/fundamentals-of-geophysics-second-edition-e38471798.html 5. Geology, Mining, Climatology, Meteorology, Sediment logy, Earth Science, Oceanography, https://www.pdfdrive.com/geology-mining-climatology-meteorology-sediment-logy-earth-science-oceanography-e40744251.html 6. Robert H Stewart, Introduction to Physical Oceanography, https://www.pdfdrive.com/introduction-to-physical-oceanography-e33277726.html
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to</p> <p>CO1. Explain the mineralogy, petrology. CO2. Understand physical geography. CO3. Understand the concepts of geophysics. CO4. Explain the concept of meteorology. CO5. Explain the concept of oceanography.</p>

Mapping of Cos with PSOs :

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	2	2	1	1	2
CO 4	2	2	2	1	1
CO 5	3	3	3	2	2

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD02D2
Course Title	Spatial Technologies for Watershed Management		
No. of Credits	3	No. of contact hours per Week	3
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	80%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Major Elective 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> introduce watershed management and characteristics acquire knowledge on use of GIS and remote sensing in watershed management acquire knowledge on watershed evaluation 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Watershed: Definition – Causes and consequences of watershed deterioration - Watershed delineation and codification – Advantages – Watershed management – Approaches to watershed development – Components of watershed management		9
II	Geomorphology – Topography – Hydrography - Concentration time – Isochrones Morphometric analysis.		9
III	Watershed delineation – Watershed characterization and assessment – resource mapping.		10
IV	GNSS in: Collection of Ground Control Points (GCP) – Ground truth verification/training sites for Digital Image Processing – estimation of soil erosion - Management planning.		10
V	Monitoring & Evaluation: Need – Types of evaluation – Factors affecting evaluation – Understanding community participation – PRA methods of Evaluation. Analyzing the changes in: Depth of water table – Cropping pattern – Biomass estimation – Land use/ land cover.		10
References	<p>Text Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> N.D. Mani, Watershed Management: Principles, Parameters and Programmes, Dominant Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2005 		

	<p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paul A.DeBarry, PE,PH,APSS, "Watersheds Process, Assessment and Management", Wiley Student Edition, New Jersey, 2004 2. Srivastava, O.N. and Y.V. Rao, "Impact of Integrated Wasteland Development Programme (IWDP) - A Study in Uttar Pradesh, National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad, 2001. 3. Raj Vir Singh, "Watershed Planning and Management", Yash Publishing House, Bikaner, 2001. 4. E.M. Tideman, " Watershed Management guidelines for Indian Conditions", Omega Scientific Publisher, New Delhi, 2006 5. J.V.S.Murty, "Watershed Management", New Age International, New Delhi, 2007 <p>E-Resources:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Watershed Management by Dr. T.I. Eldho, Department of Civil Engineering, IIT Bombay. For more details on NPTEL visit http://nptel.ac.in 2. Amel Moustafa Azab, Integrating GIS, Remote Sensing, and Mathematical Modeling for Surface Water Quality Management, 2012, https://www.pdfdrive.com/integrating-gis-remote-sensing-and-mathematical-modelling-for-surface-water-quality-management-in-irrigated-watersheds-unesco-ihe-phd-thesis-e165584308.html 3. Land Stewardship in the 21st Century: The Contributions of Watershed Management, https://www.pdfdrive.net/land-stewardship-in-the-21st-century-the-contributions-of-watershed-management-e36318879.html
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Discuss the approaches and components of watershed management. CO2. Explain the watershed characteristics. CO3. Apply the tools of GIS in watershed management CO4. Apply remote sensing technology in watershed management CO5. Monitor and evaluate the watershed program using the tools of PRA and Geoinformatics.</p>

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	3	2	1	2
CO 2	2	3	2	1	2
CO 3	2	3	2	1	2
CO 4	2	3	2	1	2
CO 5	2	3	2	1	2

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD02D3
Course Title	Open Source Data and Software		
No. of Credits	3	No. of contact hours per Week	3
New Course / Revised Course	Revised	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	60%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Major Elective 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the open source software available for research and development. 		
UNIT	Content	No. of Hours	
I	Introduction to Open source: Importance – Advantages – Applications. Open source operating systems LINUX: Introduction – General Overview – Kernel Mode and user mode – Process – Advanced Concepts.	6	
II	<p>Open Source Spatial Data: Satellite Data- NOAA, Earth Explorer, Bhuvan, Sentinel, Google Earth, Toposheet – University of Texas</p> <p>VectorData: Openstreet map, Geofabrik, Natural Earth Data, Opentopography, GSHHG.</p> <p>Open Source Attribute Data: National Information Centre, Census of India, Statistical Year Book, India Stat, India Water Portal, Indian Water Resource Information System (IWARIS), and NRDMs</p> <p>Spatial Data science: NREL, Kaggle,</p>		
III	<p>Open source Software:</p> <p>GIS: Openjump – GRASS – QGIS – SagaGIS</p> <p>Image Processing: ILWIS, SciLab.</p> <p>GIS Database: PostGIS.</p> <p>Compilers: Python, R.</p> <p>Scripting Language: Java Scripting.</p> <p>Mark-up languages: HTML - WeODM</p> <p>Compare QGIS – ArcGIS – SagaGIS – OpenJump.</p>	6	
IV	<p>Mobile mapping: Fundamental of mobile mapping, application of GPS in resources surveys and mapping.</p> <p>Mobile GIS apps: Weather apps, Wind speed/direction, Pollution apps, Location/navigation apps, Data collection apps, Geo data</p>	6	

	collect, Geo area Map, Geo Camera- ArcGIS Earth- ArcGIS Collector-ArcGIS Workforce.	
V	Web Mapping with Open source tool kit – Introduction to Web mapping – Merits and demerits of web mapping – Different kinds of web mapping – Basic web-development language – Mapping Libraries and other utilities –Map Servers – Backend and Data base – Frontend libraries – Spatial Data Infrastructure (SDI) Platforms – Project on Web mapping: A Panchayat GIS will be created by different groups.	6
References	Text Books (with chapter number & page number, wherever needed): 1. Markus Neteler, Helena Mitasova, Open Source GIS: A GRASS GIS Approach, Edition, Springer 2007.	
	Reference Books: 1. Neteler, M and H.Mitasova, Open Source GIS. A GRASS GIS Approach, Kluwer Academic Publishers, Boston, USA/London, UK, 2008. 2. Qgis: https://www.packtpub.com/application-development/mastering-qgis 3. Machtelt Garrels Introduction to Lmux beginner Guide 4. Pride Fu, Julius S : WebGIS: Principle & Application, ESRI Press, 2011	
	E-Resources (URLs of e-books / YouTube videos / online learning resources, etc.) 1. Linux Operating System: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106144/ 2. Javascript: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105084/25 3. SciLab: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/113101002/5 4. R programming: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101056/9	
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1: Understand the concept and protocols in Open Source Software and Describe about various open source operating system. CO2: Understand various Open Source Software. CO3: Understand and create WebGIS. CO4. Know about GIS related mobile apps. CO5: Understand Customisation of GIS	

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	3	2	3	2	3
CO 2	3	1	3	2	3
CO 3	1	3	2	3	2
CO 4	1	2	3	1	3
CO 5	3	3	1	2	3

Modular Course

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTDO2M1
Course Title	Spatial Modeling		
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	2
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	20%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modular course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> exposes the students to decision making and concepts of spatial decision support system 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Development, Definition, Classification and Verification of spatial models. Spatial system theory. Temporal modeling and dynamic description of geobjects. Spatial access methods.		6
II	Data models – Static models – Dynamic models - Cartographic models – Spatio – temporal models – Network models – Models based on purpose, methodology and logic – Rased Based Model – Vector based model.		5
III	Basic statistics and its GIS expression; Spatial dependency; Spatial interpolation (IDW, Kriging and others); Assessing interpolation results; Mapping spatial dependency; Sampling design – 3D models of relief.		6
IV	Linking numeric and geographic patterns; Normalizing maps; Viewing scatter plots; Clustering mapped data; Investigating map correlation; Developing prediction models; Assessing prediction results.		6
V	Dynamic map pedigree – Toward a humane GIS – GIS software's changing roles – Evolving the GIS mindset – Multimedia Mapping – Map display		7
References	<p>Text Books :</p> <p>1. Carlo Gaetan & Xavier Guyon (auth.), Spatial Statistics and Modeling, 2010, Springer</p>		

	<p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Longley P.A., M.F. Goodchild, D.J. Maguire and D.W. Rhind. 2005. 2. Geographic Information Systems and Science. Second Edition. John Wiley, Chichester, 2005. 3. Goodchild, M.F.2003. Geographic Information Science and Systems for Environmental Management. Annual Review of Environment and Resources. Vol.28: 493-519. 4. Burrough, P.A. and McDonnell, R.A. 1998. Principles of Geographical Information Systems. London: Oxford. 5. Goodchild, M F.1988. Modeling error in objects and fields. Accuracy of Spatial Databases Meeting; Montecito, CA; (USA); Dec.1988. Pp.107-113.1990.
	<p>E-Resources:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hamid Reza Pourghasemi & Candan Gokceoglu, Spatial Modeling in GIS and R for Earth and Environmental Sciences, https://www.pdfdrive.com/spatial-modeling-in-gis-and-r-for-earth-and-environmental-sciences-d183969339.html
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Understand the concept, architecture and frame work of SM and decision variables</p> <p>CO2. Learn about various ranking, rating and comparison methods involved in decision modeling</p> <p>CO3. Gain knowledge on types of decision modeling</p> <p>CO4. Apply the SDSS in specified areas</p> <p>CO5. Understanding the trend of GIS in Modern world.</p>

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	2
CO 2	1	2	2	1	2
CO 3	2	1	2	1	2
CO 4	1	1	2	1	2
CO 5	1	2	2	1	1

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD02M2
Course Title	Spatial Decision Support System		
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	2
New Course / Revised Course	Revised Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	20%
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modular course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> exposes the students to decision making and concepts of spatial decision support system 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	Introduction to Information and Decision Making - Concept and Characteristics of Spatial Decision Support Systems (SDSS) – Architecture of SDSS - Framework for Spatial Decision modeling - Spatial Decision Support System (SDSS) and GIS		10
II	Decision variables - Concept – Deterministic, Random - Decision Alternatives and Constraints - Efficiency and Effectiveness of Decision Making		10
III	Concept of Estimating Weights – Ranking Methods – Rating Methods – Pair-wise comparison methods – Trade off analysis methods – their comparisons – Decision Rules.		10
IV	Concept and types of Multi-attribute Decision modeling – Multi objective Decision Modeling – Sensitivity Analysis – Maps as Decision tools.		9
V	Land Suitability Analysis - Water Resources Management – Education and Health Care Resources location – Industry and Business– Site Selection.		9
References	<p>Text Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Ramanathan Sugumaran and John Degroote, Spatial Decision Support Systems- Principles and Practices, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, USA, 2011. 		

	<p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bonczek, R.H., C.W. Holsapple, and A.B. Whinston, 1981, Foundations of Decision Support Systems, Academic Press, New York. 2. House, W.C. (ed.), 1983. Decision Support Systems, Petrocelli, New York. 3. Jenson, J.R. 2000, Remote Sensing of the environment – An Earth Resource Perspective, Prentice Hall Inc. 4. Malczewski, J. 1999, GIS and Multicriteria Decision Analysis, John Willey and Sons, New York. 5. Raghu Ramakrishnan, 2002, Database Management Systems, Johannes Gehrke, McGraw- Hill.
	<p>E-Resources:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ramanathan Sugumaran and John Degroote Spatial Decision Support Systems: Principles and Practices, CRC press, http://www.gisresources.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/06/spatial-decision-support-system.pdf
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Understand the concept, architecture and frame work of SDSS</p> <p>CO2. Understand the concept of decision variables</p> <p>CO3. Learn about various ranking, rating and comparison methods involved in decision modeling</p> <p>CO4. Gain knowledge on types of decision modeling</p> <p>CO5. Apply the SDSS in specified areas</p>

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	2
CO 2	1	2	2	1	2
CO 3	2	1	2	1	2
CO 4	1	1	2	1	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	1

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD00M3
Course Title	LiDAR and its Applications		
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	2
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	-
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modular course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability Value-Added Courses imparting transferable and life skills 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-5: (Evaluate) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> explores the open source software available for research and development. 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	LASER, LiDAR – Principles and properties – Different LiDAR system – Applications – Advantages and Disadvantages – Space borne and airborne LiDAR missions – Typical parameters of a LiDAR system.		6
II	Principle of Laser Altimetry – Components of the system – GNSS, IMU, LASER, LiDAR data formats – Terrain Mapping Laser Configuration – Ocean bathymetry Laser Configuration - Limitations of the system.		6
III	GNSS and IMU data processing – Strip Adjustment – Geometric Correction – Data quality enhancement – Digital Surface Model – Filtering – Ground Point Filtering – Digital Elevation Model.		6
IV	Hydrology, Disaster Mitigation and Management – 3D city models – Telecommunication		6
V	Modeling – Urban planning – Coastal Zone Bathymetry Mapping – Feature extraction, vectorisation – Surface and land use classification. Orthophoto rectification using LiDAR – Integrated LiDAR and Digital Photogrammetry Techniques – Integration of LiDAR DEM with other hyper spectral data.		6
References	Text Books (with chapter number & page number, wherever needed): 1. Altimetry- Principles and Applications- Mathias Lemmens, CRC Press.		

	<p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Digital Photogrammetry - Yves Egels and Michel Kasser, CRC Press. 2. Laser Manual of Aerial Survey, Primary Data Acquisition- Roger Read and Ron Graham 3. Digital Terrain Modeling: Principles and Methodology- Zhilin Li Qing Zhu, Christopher Gold, CRC Press. <p>E-Resources (URLs of e-books / YouTube videos / online learning resources, etc.)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pinliang Dong & Qi Chen, LiDAR Remote Sensing and Applications, 2018, CRC Press, https://www.pdfdrive.com/lidar-remote-sensing-and-applications-d158479644.html 2. Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) Technology Evaluation, https://www.pdfdrive.com/light-detection-and-ranging-lidar-technology-evaluation-d26826416.html 3. LiDAR 101: An Introduction to LiDAR Technology, Data, and Applications, https://www.pdfdrive.com/lidar-101-an-introduction-to-lidar-technology-data-and-d17380303.html
Course Outcomes	<p>On completion of the course, students should be able to do</p> <p>CO1. Understand the concept and protocols in Open Source Software CO2. Describe about various open source operating system CO3. Summarise functions of Geo apps CO4. Understand the web mapping and web servers CO5. Work on sample case studies using open source software</p>

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1
CO 2	2	2	2	1	1
CO 3	2	2	2	1	1
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	2	2

Semester	II	Course Code	21PSTD00M4
Course Title	Drone Image Processing		
No. of Credits	2	No. of contact hours per Week	2
New Course / Revised Course	New Course	If revised, Percentage of Revision effected	-
Category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modular course 		
Scope of the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Skill / Advanced Skill Skill Development Employability 		
Cognitive Levels addressed by the Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> K-2: (Understand) K-3: (Apply) K-4: (Analyze) K-6: (Create) 		
Course Objectives	<p>The Course aims to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explain the concept of Drone image processing 		
UNIT	Content		No. of Hours
I	<p>UAV/Drone Image Processing for GIS data generation i.e Aerial Triangulation, Orthophoto, 3D Point Cloud, DSM, DTM, 3D Mesh Model and Contour.</p> <p>Comprehensive workflow to process UAV/drone images that will save time during image processing.</p> <p>The basic theory behind UAV/Drone image Processing and Hardware/Software Requirement.</p>		6
II	<p>UAV/Image pre processing step that involves Geotagging, Remove Geotagging, Point Shape File Creation, Rename the images using ExifTOOL and QGIS.</p> <p>UAV/Drone Image Processing Platforms such as Desktop, Cloud, Network Processing and Batch Processing.</p>		6
III	<p>Stereo Satellite Image Processing.</p> <p>Working with Ortho photo, Color correction, Seam line editing, 3D point Cloud classification, Conventional Ortho generation and Contour generation.</p>		6
IV	<p>Processing Oblique and Nadir Images for High Accurate 3D Model Generation.</p> <p>Volume Calculation and Earthworks for Civil or Mining Engineer.</p> <p>360° panorama generation for UAV/Drone Spherical Images</p>		6
V	<p>Processing RTK/PPK images and their image acquisition theory</p> <p>Export Aerial Triangulation Result as Stereo Setup for Stereo Compilation.</p> <p>Accuracy Assessment Method (Relative, Absolute and Survey Grade) for UAV/Drone data product.</p>		6

References	Text Books (with chapter number & page number, wherever needed): 1. Amy E. Frazier, Kunwar K. Singh, Fundamentals of Capturing and Processing Drone Imagery and Data, CRC Press, 2021, ISBN 9780367245726.
	Reference Books: 1. John R. Jensen, Drone Aerial Photography and Videography: Data Collection and Image Interpretation, 2018. 2. Felipe Gonzalez Toro and Antonios Tsourdos , Mdpi AG, UAV-Based Remote Sensing: Volume 2, 2018
	E-Resources (URLs of e-books / YouTube videos / online learning resources, etc.) 1. Felipe Gonzalez Toro & Antonios Tsourdos, UAV or Drones for Remote Sensing Applications, https://www.pdfdrive.com/uav-or-drones-for-remote-sensing-applications-e176213164.html 2. Henri Eisenbeiss, UAV Photogrammetry, https://www.pdfdrive.com/uav-photogrammetry-e33411397.html 3. Pablo Zaroo-Tejada, High resolution hyperspectral and thermal remote sensing from UAV, https://www.pdfdrive.com/high-resolution-hyperspectral-and-thermal-remote-sensing-from-uav-e14457225.html
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1: Understand data generation using Drone CO2: Understand the pre processing steps and platforms for drone image processing CO3: Explain the concept of stereo satellite image processing. CO4: Apply the UAV in 3D model, civil engineering etc. CO5: Check and export the output.

Mapping of COs with PSOs:

CO	PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5
CO 1	2	3	3	3	2
CO 2	2	3	3	1	2
CO 3	3	2	3	1	2
CO 4	2	3	3	1	2
CO 5	2	3	3	2	2